Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1868. NUMBER 179.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Closing Up Business for Recess—Attempt to Pass the Copper Tariff Bill—Funding Bill Passed—Bill for Provisional Government for Mississippi, Virginia and Texas Fails.

[By telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1868.

SENATE.

Mr. RAMSEY called up the House bill for the more economical administration of the Government in the several Territories of the United States and for other purposes, providing for biennial sessions of the Territorial Legislatures, &c., which after discussion was tabled.

Mr. RAMSEY offered a resolution directing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire into the expediency of making a treaty between Canada and the United States.

Mr. SUMNER suggested Canada is not a sovereign power, and that the resolution be modified by inserting Great Britain instead of Canada.

Mr. RAMSEY accepted the amendment and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. WILSON called up the House bill to provide for a more efficient government for Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

Mr. DAVIS said this was too important a bill to be passed in the expiring hours of the session without examination, and moved to lay it on the table.

The motion was rejected, Messrs. Cameron, Buckalew, Davis, Doolittle, McCreery, Patterson, (Tenn.,) and White voting aye.

Mr. BUCKALEW called attention to the extraordinary provisions of the second section—that ordinances passed hereafter by Conventions in those States shall be enforced by the provisional authorities until the pleasure of Congress shall be known, establishing an entirely new precedent. The result aimed at was that the Constitutional Conventions should regulate and control elections in those States.

Mr. WILSON said the bill prohibited States from voting for President.

Mr. BUCKALEW was continuing, when he yielded to

Mr. DOOLITTLE, who presented a report from the Conference Committee on the bill making an appropriation for the purchase of Alaska. Concurred in.

Mr. BUCKALEW resumed his argument. Referring again to the power conferred on conventions, he asked which, in case of a conflict between them and the military commanders, was to be obeyed by the people. The only semblance of a fair election in Arkansas had been the result of the interference of the military authorities, who overruled a passionate and ill-advised ordinance of the Convention prohibiting a large number of people from voting on the new constitution.

Mr. CONKLING asked Mr. Buckalew to yield to a motion for an executive session, saying it was evidently impossible to pass this bill now.

But at this point Mr. FOWLER rose to a personal explanation. He would not now occupy the time, but that the whole power of the Government had been put in the hands of one bad man to be used against him.

Mr. FOWLER was proceeding to read a prepared address, when, at 10:30, Mr. CONKLING and others approached him, and after a moment's conference Mr. CONKLING asked the Senator to yield to a motion to go into executive session, saying hardly time remained to transact the necessary business, and the Senator could print his remarks.

Mr. FOWLER assented and the Senate went into Executive session.

The doors opened at twelve o'clock, when the President *pro tem* announced that in accordance with the concurrent resolution of both Houses of Congress the Senate would take recess until the 3d Monday of September next.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at nine, with a very thin attendance.

Mr. WASHBURNE asked to have taken from the Speaker's table the Senate joint resolution to cancel the stationery contract of the Interior Department with Dempsey and Otoole.

Mr. VAN TRUMP objected.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the Senate bill relating to contracts payable in coin and asked that it be laid on the table.

Mr. GARFIELD suggested that that course should not be taken, but the bill should be retained within the power of the House.

Mr. SCHENCK, assenting, withdrew the bill, and it remains with the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. SCHENCK reported a bill regarding the duties on imported copper and copper ore, and asked to have it considered in the House.

Mr. ROSS objected, unless he should first be allowed to offer a resolution for the benefit of an employe of the House. That privilege having been granted,

Mr. ROSS withdrew his objection, but on condition that nothing else should be added to the bill.

The SPEAKER declared, objection being withdrawn, the bill was before the House.

It imposes duties, viz: On copper imported, three cents on each pound of fine copper; on regulas of copper and black and coarse copper, four cents; on old copper, fit only for running, four cents; and iron all in plates, bars, ingots, pigs, and other forms, not manufactured or named in the bill, five per cent. per pound.

Mr. BANKS made the point of order that the bill must be first considered in Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER overruled the point of order, on the ground that it was made too late.

Mr. BANKS asserted he had not lost his right to object, as he could not do so until he had heard the bill read.

The SPEAKER stated the bill had been read by its title, and this having been the third or fourth attempt to pass it, its contents must have been known.

Mr. SCHENCK proceeded to explain why the bill was reported. Under existing laws the prostration of the interest was so great that the operatives at the mines were starving or going to the poorhouse by hundreds, or receiving aid by charity to get away, while steamboats on the lakes were being reduced from daily to weekly trips. Appeals were made by several members in behalf of the nickel, book, lead and haircloth interests.

Mr. BANKS demanded the yeas and nays on ordering the main question.

The question was ordered—87 to 24.

Mr. ROUTWELL asked Mr. Schenck whether he was not ready to report on the funding bill, and whether he was not endangering the passage of that important measure by insisting on this copper bill, which was of no general interest or importance.

Mr. SCHENCK was understood to say the Conference report had not yet come from the Senate.

Mr. BANKS objected to debate.

Mr. THOMAS moved to lay the bill on the table.

The SPEAKER intimated to Mr. Schenck, if he desired to make the conference report on the Funding bill, it should be done at once.

Mr. SCHENCK made no response.

The proceedings on the Copper bill were interrupted in order to concur with an amendment of the Senate to a bill for the relief of Brigadier General Bidwell, and adding to it the name of the widow of General Hackelman; also to place on the Speaker's table the Senate bill to regulate the foreign and coasting trade on the northern or northwestern frontiers of the United States, and to adopt a new rule creating a standing committee on revisal of laws, and abolishing the Committee on Revisal and Unfinished Business.

On a conflict of opinion between the the Speaker and Mr. Banks, relative to a count in ordering the yeas and nays, Mr. BANKS appealed from the decision of the Chair and the decision was sustained—121 to 1.

The motion to table was rejected.

Mr. SCHENCK, at a quarter past ten, moved to make the conference report on the funding bill, remarking that the factlon against the copper bill was so manifest he would not press it this session. The conference report was read, as was the bill, at Mr. RANDALL'S request.

Messrs. Ross, Eldridge, Randall and other Democrats commenced fillibustering to defeat the funding bill by submitting various motions for recess.

Finally the Speaker declined to entertain further motiens for recess, stating he doubted whether he should have entertained more than the one.

Mr. SCHENCK insisted on the previous question on the Conference report It was seconded and the main question was ordered—yeas 96, nays 26.

Mr. BUTLER obtained leave to have his remarks printed in reply to the attack made on him last night in the Senate by Mr. Henderson.

A vote was taken on the conference report, and it was agreed to—yeas, one hundred and two; nays, thirty-two.

The bill goes to the President for approval.

Mr. DAWES, from the Committee on Elections, reported a bill to relieve Nelson Tifft, of Georgia, from disabilities. Passed by the requisite two-thirds vote.

He also reported back the credentials of Simon Corley, member elect from South Carolina, and P. M. B. Young, member elect from Georgia, and moved the oath prescribed for persons whose disabilities had been removed be administered. Agreed to and Messrs. Corley and Young were sworn in as members.

The bill to increase the duties on copper again came up, and dilitary motions were resorted to by its opponents to defeat its passage.

The SPEAKER appointed as Directors of the Columbia Deaf and Dumb Institute Messrs. Schenck, of Ohio, and Boyden, of North Carolina.

The SPEAKER appointed on the Committee on Elections Mr. Heaton, of North Carolina, instead of Mr. Poland, of Vermont, on account of service on two other Committees.

Mr. GARFIELD asked leave to introduce a joint resolution requiring the Secretary of War to amend his order of Saturday last for the removal of clerks in the Quartermaster's Department, by giving preference to efficient clerks who had been disabled in the military service.

Mr. DEWEES asked that Mr. Nelson Tifft, member elect from Georgia, be sworn in under the oath prescribed for persons whose political disabilities have been removed.

Mr. Tifft was accordingly sworn in.

Mr. JOHNS, of Ky., made an effort to introduce a resolution requesting the President to grant a general amnesty for all political offenses, but objection was made.

The bill to increase the duties on copper was again taken up, the question being on its passage,

Mr. BANKS demanded the yeas and nays.

They were ordered. It was now within a minute or two of twelve o'clock.

Mr. SCHENCK rose and said as there was no time for taking the yeas and nays, he was willing the copper bill should be considered as lost.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, insisted the yeas and nays be called.

Mr. BANKS said he had yielded to the passage of the funding bill only on the solemn assurance given him by Mr. Scofield that the copper bill would not be pressed.

The Clerk proceeded to call the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, but had not made much progress when the SPEAKER, knocking with his gavel, announced that the hour of twelve having arrived, at which both Houses of Congress had agreed to take recess, the House now took a recess until the third Monday in September till twelve o'clock noon.

There was much clapping of hands at the announcement, and when the Speaker left the Chair and mingled with the members on the floor, very friendly leave takings and mutual expressions of good wishes were exchanged between him and members on both sides. Before half an hour the hall was emptied of its usual occupants, the members having hurried off to make preparations for their departure.

NEW YORK CITY.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27, 1868.

CHOLERA CASES.

Several cases of cholera, including three deaths, have occurred in what is known as the Spouty district, a portion of the city bounded by 62d and 70th streets, and 80th and 10th avenues, occupied by squatters. The condition of the neighberhood is wretched, and the foul air arising from stagnant water and the filthy habits of the residents have been the cause of the disease. The Board of Health have already abated the nuisance and thoroughly purified the district by disinfectants. The cases which have occurred are not numerous enough to cause any fears of epidemic cholera.

ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CASE.

In the case, in the Supreme Court, of Gates versus the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company and others, the defendants made a motion to have the judgment in the Iowa cases admitted as part of the papers in this. No substantial opposition being made, the motion was granted.

JEFF. DAVIS GOING TO EUROPE.

A dispatch from Savannah, Georgia, says Jefferson Davis will soon sail for Europe, to be gone several months, and will be represented in the coming trial by counsel.

REVOLUTIONER DEAD.

John Thompson, a Revolutionary soldier, died at Smithtown, Long Island, Thursday last, aged 104.

Victims of the Flood.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Four more bodies, two men, one woman and a child, were recovered to-day at Long Bridge.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Closing Hours of Congress—The President and Cabinet at the Capital—No Extra Session of the Senate—Appointments Confirmed and Rejected—Gen. Butler's Reply to Senator Henderson.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1868.

CLOSING HOURS OF CONGRESS.

The President and members of the Cabinet came to the Capitol this morning, and in the President's room transacted business in connection with Congressional matters and nominations to office.

There were several hundred persons gathered at the Senate main door while that body was in Executive session this morning, anxiously awaiting the action of the Senate affecting nominations of themselves or friends.

The nomination of Alex. Cummings, to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was not reached on the calendar for want of time.

Secretary Seward informed a Senate Committee there would be no called executive session.

All bills which had passed both Houses and were presented to the President received his signature, except the funding bill. It is held, however, that he can sign it at any time during to-day.

BILLS NOT REACHED.

The following are the bills on the Speaker's table not reached, and therefore go over till September: Relating to the Ocean Mail Steamship service between the United States and China, in relation to bridges across the Ohio river, in relation to coast defence, for relief of Miss Emma Wilson of Indiana, respecting provisional governments of Virginia and Texas, granting the right of way over public lands to the Denver Pacific Railroad Company, to regulate the carriage of passengers in steamships and other vessels, extending the Agricultural College bill to the States lately in rebellion, to regulate foreign and coasting trade on the Northern, Northwestern and Northeastern frontiers of the United States.

GEN. BUTLER DEFENDS HIMSELF.

The speech which Gen. Butler obtained leave to print to-day in reply to Senator Henderson charges the Senator with choosing the Sabbath for his speech, for the reason that he (Mr. Butler) had gone home, and there would be no reply. He (Mr. Butler) had, however, been detained by an accident. The Committee had made no charge against the Senator. They only carefully detailed the evidence before them. This evidence Mr. Butler summarizes, and says it is the inference from these facts which seems to so enrage the Senator. When a Fowler shoots at a black bird, or other winged vermin in a thicket, (says Butler,) he can always tell by the fluttering in the bushes whether the shot has told. The Senator flops. He (Mr. Butler) should treat the Senator as Uncle Toby did the fly which he caught buzzing about his ear. Carrying it to the window, as he let it out of his hand he pityingly said: "Go, poor devil, there is room enough in the world for both thee and me."

FRAUDS IN PAY DEPARTMENT.

The following is the conclusion of the report of the Select Committee appointed by the House to investigate the subject of the alleged frauds in the Pay Department:

"While irregularities are found, your Committee have found no evidence of fraud against any individual in either Department named, or against any agent doing business with the same."

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The following nominations were confirmed this morning: Wm. S. Rosecrans, Minister to Mexico; T. L. Dickey, Assistant Attorney General; Chas. N. Felton, Treasurer of Branch Mint, San Francisco; Enos D. Hoge, Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Utah; Chas P. Heywood, Collector of Internal Revenue for Third District of Missouri; Lewis Wolf, Assessor of Internal Revenue for the First District Louisiana; Chas. T. Shelby, Indian Agent, New Mexico; C. M. Alexander, Postmaster at Washington; D. F. P. Cuppy, Register Deeds, Washington, D. C.

NOMINATIONS REJECTED.

The Senate rejected Solomon P. McCurdy for Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Utah; Simon M. Johnson for Assistant Secretary of Treasury; James F. Roberts, of Indiana, for Secretary of Wyoming.

NOMINATIONS SENT IN.

The following nominations were sent in; William Aiken, Collector of Customs at Charleston; George A. Potter, Iowa, Minister Resident to Ecuador.

ALABAMA.

Legislative Proceedings—Removal of Disabilities—Severe on Editors.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette]

MONTGOMERY, July 27.—Both Houses of the State Legislature have passed an act ratifying the code of Alabama, except where it conflicts with the new Constitution.

A debate in the Senate this morning shows that a large number of Senators are in favor of removing all political disabilities.

In the House Mr. McGraw, the Speaker, offered a resolution in favor of removing disabilities, which was made the special order for Monday.

Mr. Harrison, of Mobile, offered an act in relation to newspapers, which provides for publishing of slanderous articles editors and proprietors shall be fined not less than $1,000, imprisoned not less than six months and the press and materials can be sold as soon as judgment is entered to pay the fine. The act applies to copied as well as to original matter, and the Judge is to decide what is slanderous.

Governor Smith has vetoed the bill fixing the pay of members and officers of this Legislature. He takes ground it is an increase over the rates fixed by the old law, and further that the pay of eight dollars per day and forty cents a mile mileage is exhorbitant and not in proportion to the amount in the Treasury.

Steamboat Dexter Sunk in the Ohio.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 27.—The steamer Dexter was sunk in the Ohio river this afternoon, near South Point, during a heavy storm which prevailed along the river above here. It is reported that three lives were lost. The amount of loss on the boat is not ascertained.

FROM EUROPE.

Portuguese Port in Africa Seized by the British—Gunpowder Plot in Rome—The Civil War in Japan—Political Disturbances in Turkey.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LISBON, July 27.—A report received by the Government states the British gunboat Pandora landed some men at one of the Portugese Colonial stations on the coast of Guinea, and took possession of the place by force of arms. Few particulars are known, but it is asserted that the Portugese guard was disarmed and made prisoners, that the flag of Portugal was hauled down and the British colors hoisted in its place. The Portugese Government dispatched two men-of-war from Tagus to the scene of the outrage.

LONDON, July 26.—Lord Cranworth, the eminent Liberal Peer, died to-day.

LONDON, July 27—*Midnight*.—In the House of Lords this evening Lord Napier took the customary oath and his seat.

JAPAN.

LONDON, July 27.—Further advices from Japan to the 30th of June are received. All the Ministers of foreign powers in Japan had united in a protest against the revival by the Mikado of decrees against the native Christians. The war continued to rage with much violence. The troops of the Mikado are in possession of all the ports opened to foreigners by treaty. The brother of Stots Bashi, the ex-Tycoon, was at the head of a revolt against the spiritual Emperor, and had a large army under his command, with which he was gradually advancing on Yeddo, in which city the party of the Tycoon is very strong. There had been some fighting between the hostile forces in the vicinity of Yeddo, but no decisive successes are reported on either side. It was thought the war between the two parties, whose respective strength and resources appeared to be so evenly balanced, would result in a division of the country into two independent Empires, governed by the Mikado and Tycoon.

ITALY.

LONDON, July 26.—The following has been received from Rome: The police have discovered a mine to blow up the fortifications on Mount Aventine. Two sentinels were recently attacked in the night and wounded. The police seized a quantity of red and black Garibaldian shirts. Licenses have been withdrawn from all the wine shops in the Roman Campagna.

PARIS.

PARIS, July 27.—An important statement was made in the Corps Legislatif to-day. M. Pelliten put the interrogatory to Ministers, to which M. Route replied that the government does not intend to alter the election laws of France in any particular. The budget has been finally adopted.

TURKEY.

LONDON, July 27.—Political disturbances are reported again in Bulgaria. A dispatch from Constantinople states the Turkish Government has ordered troops there to restore tranquility.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEBEC, July 27.—The steamer Moravian, from Liverpool, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 27 — *Evening*.—Consols, 94⅝@94¾; American Securities, 72¾; Illinois Central, 90; Erie, 43⅜.

PARIS, July 27.—Bourse firmer. Rentes 70 francs 2c.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—Cotton is still declining; sales of 8,000 bales uplands at 9⅞@10d, and Orleans at 10¼@10⅝d.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening*.—Tallow advanced to 44s. 6d. Spirits of Petroleum 11⅝d. Linseed oil £30 10s. on spot and £30 15s to arrive. Others unchanged.

ANTWERP, July 27.—Petroleum, 51 francs for standard.

TENNESSEE.

Assembling of the Legislature—Card from Gov. Brownlow.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 27.—The Legislature of Tennessee convened at the capital today. The Senate was without a quorum. Gov. Brownlow's message will be delivered to morrow. He will remain at Knoxville during the session.

Governor Brownlow publishes a card, stating that he has never owned, bought nor sold a State bond, nor received commission for signing them, as reported in New York.

A Mr. White was shot and killed to-day in a political dispute at Nickenzie, on the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad.

MEMPHIS, July 17.—The Merchants' National Bank, of Memphis, which was closed about a month since for alleged violation of the National Bnking Act, after examination by a special agent of the Treasury Department has been turned over to its officers and reopened this morning.

Georgia Legislature—Difficulty Between Citizens and Police.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, Ga., July 27.—The Democratic caucus to-day made the following nominations for United States Senator: Gen. Wolford, for long term, and H. S. Miller, for short term. The House to-day adopted a resolution requesting the Governor to proclaim military law at an end and civil law restored.

Bills were introduced to organize the militia, re-enact the stay law, and abolish District Courts.

A resolution has passed both Houses suspending levy and sale except for debts contracted since the war.

AUGUSTA, Ga., July 27.—A difficulty originated between the police and a few citizens this evening. The latter were talking loudly on a street corner. The police ordered them to desist when shooting commenced. Alexander Phillips, who attempted to prevent the difficulty, was shot in the breast and seriously but not dangerously injured. Cornelius Reed was seriously wounded, Wm. Dillon, Chief of Police, was shot in the abdomen, and Chas. Evans, Lieutenant of Police, slightly wounded.

Municipal Subscription to Railroad Bridge—Gen. Grant and Party.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, July 27.—The question of issuing bonds to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars, to aid in building the Union Pacific Railroad Bridge at this point, was voted on in this city to-day, and resulted in eleven hundred and fourteen for to twelve against.

Gen. Grant and party arrive here tomorrow forenoon from the West, and leave at noon for St. Joseph.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—The Editorial excursionists arrived at St. Paul yesterday.

—Michael Slattery, one of the Coroners of Brooklyn, died on Sunday.

—The Morrissianna (N. Y.) Base Ball Club have started on an excursion.

—"Our Lady of Victory" Roman Catholic Church, at Brooklyn, was dedicated on Sunday.

—A fire in Montecello, Iowa, on Sunday night destroyed property to the value of $10,000.

—Jefferson Davis and family sailed from Quebec on Saturday for Europe by the steamship Austrian.

—Two young ladies from Cuba were drowned at Carthage Landing, on the Hudson river, on Monday.

—Nearly two million gallons of petroleum were shipped to Europe from Philadelphia during the week ending Saturday.

—Henry Bertrore, a German, of New York, and Charles Buckner, of Hoboken, committed suicide by hanging on Sunday.

—Patrick Boyle, publisher of the *Irish Canadian*, who was recently arrested under the *habeas corpus* act, has been released from custody.

—Henry Conovan and Patrick Maden were killed on Sunday night by Michael Roach, while attempting to force an entrance to his saloon in West Hoboken, N. Y.

—The contest for for the Democratic nomination for Governor of New York, to-day, will be between Mayor Hoffman and Senator Murphy. The former will likely be successful.

—Private letters from Paris speak of a war between France and Prussia as being almost certain. Matters will be precipitated as soon as Bismarck returns to Berlin next month.

—The counsel for General Cole, under indictment at Albany, N. Y., for the murder of Hissox, yesterday obtained a writ of *habeas corpus*, returnable before the Supreme Court to-day. The object is to procure Cole's release on bail.

—At Montreal, yesterday, the young America Eleven, of Philadelphia, were defeated in a cricket match by the Garrison Eleven, in one inning. The score was Philadelphians: First innings, 33; second inning, 88; Garrison: First innings, 200.

—It is estimated that the fire in the woods in Canada, this season, has destroyed in the Ottawa district standing pine lumber to the value of four millions of dollars, and the woods are still burning. Boats on the Montreal route are greatly detained by the smoke on the river.

—At a meeting of the Philadelphia Passenger Railway conductors and drivers, on Saturday, an address to the Board of Presidents was adopted, asking that twelve hours, instead of eighteen, be adopted as the period for a day's labor, and that two dollars a day be allowed as wages.

—Rev. Reuben J. Herndon, who was in jail at Orange Court House, Virginia, charged with the seduction and murder of Miss Mary Lumsend, escaped last night. He left a confession of the seduction but denied the murder. A reward of five hundred dollars has been offered by the Governor for his capture.

—Advices from Mexico state the insurrectionists Searazeca and Silva were routed by General Escobedo in the Sierra and at Querotaro. The campaign against the revolutionists was active, and the Juarists occupied all important points. The Juarez Government is nevertheless reported to be in a precarious state.

—At Buffalo, on Saturday, three men fell through seven stories to the cellar of the Oxford Sugar Refinery. Two, Michael Donovan and Antoine Taylor, were killed instantly, and the other, Fritz Kosting, lived but a few moments. They were descending upon an elevator, and the accident was caused by the breaking of an iron shaft.

—Gen. Hancock, in reply to a letter from S. T. Glover, Esq., on the subject, contradicts the report that he does not acquiese in the judgment of the Democratic National Convention in nominating Seymour and Blair. On the contrary, he says that to do otherwise than act with the Democratic party in the coming contest would be to falsify his own record.

—The annual horse fair opens at Buffalo on Tuesday next and closes late on the following Saturday. Seventy entries have been made for the different trots. The following nine horses are entered for the ten thousand dollar race, viz: Lady Hamilton, Colonel Maynard, Myron Perry, Victor Hugo, George Palmer, Fearnaught, Mollie, American Girl and Johnny Bradley. For the double team race on Friday eighteen entries are made. Besides animals which have arrived to participate in the races, there will be on exhibition many stables of blooded stock.

Desperate Affray at Warwick, R. I.—A Sheriff and His Posse Resisted.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, July 27.—A desperate affray occurred at Warwick, R. I., yesterday afternoon, arising out of the resistance of the attempt of Sheriff Holden, of Kent county, assisted by four or five deputies, to arrest Capt. Betts, of the steamer Ella, and Edward Johnson, the clerk, on a charge of running their boat on Sunday and bringing crowds of disorderly persons to disturb the peace of the town of Warwick. During the fight the Sheriff was struck a terrible blow on the head with a heavy club and frightfully wounded. Finally the officers were overpowered, but subsequently, on the arrival of the boat at Providence, a strong force of policemen arrested the Captain, clerk, engineer, firemen and three of the deck hands.

New Orleans Market.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton dull and declining; middlings 29c; sales of 242 bales; receipts, 76 bales. Sterling Exchange 157½a160. New York Sight Exchange ½ premium. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Flour—superfine $7,75a8,00; treble $9a10; choice $10,50a14,00. Corn easy at 90ca$1. Oats firmer at 75a80c. Pork dull at $29,50. Bacon dull; Shoulders 13¼c; clear Sides 17½c. Lard quiet; tierce 18½c; keg 19½a26c.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Cotton is dull and nominal. The receipts to-day amounted to 9, and the exports to 5 bales. Flour nominal. Corn is selling at 92½c. Oats, 70a75c. Hay is held at $18. Bran, $23a24. Corn Meal sold at $4.50a4,80. Pork; sales were made at $29,50. Lard it held at 18¼a19½c. Bacon is dull, and sales were made of shoulders at 13¼c, and clear sides at 17c.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, July 25.—Flour quiet; sales No. 4 Spring at $9,25. Wheat firm; sales 10,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee at $1,95; 10,000 bushels White Michigan at $2,25, good No. 2 Chicago $1,80. Corn steady, sales 60,000 bushels sound shipping western at 93. Oats quiet; sales 42,000 bushels at 74½, generally asking 75. Mess Pork quiet at $28,75a29,00. Lard 17½a18.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, July 27th, 1868:

Jacob Morelock's widow and heirs to Ludwig Schomberg, July 23, 1868; lot 49 in Morelock's plan, in Stewartstown, 40 by 140 feet, on Walnut street; also, lot No. 47 in same plan, 110 by 155 ft.....$200

Richard Cowan to John C. Stevens, July 1, 1868, irregular lot of ground in Borough of Mount Washington, Lower St. Clair township, being No. 26 in said plan.....$1,200

W. M. Clancy to J. Scott Ferguson, June 15, 1868; lot of ground in Bellevue, containing two acres.....$2,800

Sharpley M. Packer to Louis Nunamaker, June 16, 1868 lot of ground in Peebles township, containing ten acres.....$3 333 25

Joseph J. Bender to Joseph Piatte, June 29, 1868; lot in Lawrenceville, on Charlotte street, 21 by 100 feet.....$1

Richard Kiensle to John Brown, July 8, 1868; lots Nos. 31, 32 and one-half of lot 33 in Brown's plan of lots in the Borough of East Birmingham, 50 by 40 feet.....$1,650

Wm. M. Darlington to Jacob Graber, July 25, 1868; lot on Third street, Third ward, Allegheny, 40 ft. front to a line parallel with Third street, and equidistant between said street and Long alley..$1,600

John H. Sawyer to Citizens Oil Refining Co., July 15, 1868; lot on the Lawrenceville and Sharpsburg plank road, Pittsburgh, 100 by 80 feet; also, lot on Reed street, Pittsburgh, 60 by 125 feet.....$3,300

John Brown to Richard Kiensle, July 6, 1868; lot No. 33 in Brown's plan of lots in Union township; irregular.....$4,200

Andrew Scherrer to Richard Kiensle, June 26, 1868; northerly part of lot 33 in Brown's plan of lots in Lower St. Clair township, 40 by 40 feet.....$125

Marianna Herdweck et al. to Conrad Kolder, lot of ground in Fourth ward, Allegheny, on East Lane, 45 by 18½ feet.....$700

Mary Davis to James Freel, July 5, 1868; lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, near Applegate's plan, Temperanceville, each 25 by 100 feet, on Walnut street....$860

John M. Hoch to Amelia Ann Kelley, July 22, 1868; two lots on Pennsylvania avenue, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh 48 by 220 feet.....$9,250

Chas. A. Rahlock to Gasper Fechlin, May 20, 1868; tract of land in Mifflin township, containing 5 acres and 85 perches.....$1,900

John Derr to Frank Renn, July 25, 1868; lot of ground in Mifflin township, containing 75 56-100 perches.....$700

John C. Stevens to John Andrews, July 27, 1868; irregular lot of ground in Cowan's plan of lots on Mount Washington, being lot No 26 in said plan.....$4,500

MORTGAGES.

Fourteen mortgages were left for record same day.

Bold Robbery.

On Sunday afternoon the Duquesne Hotel, in the Eighth ward, Allegheny, was entered by a thief who gained admittance to one of the upper chambers, and was ransacking the apartment, going through bureau drawers, &c., when he was interrupted by Mrs. Myers, wife of the proprietor, who immediately raised the alarm, but the fellow succeeded in making his escape. Officers Gabby and Kingan, of the Allegheny police, were furnished with a description of the man, and in the evening they arrested him in the vicinity of Troy Hill. He gave his name as Allen, and says that he lives in a small boat moored on the bank of the river near the hotel. Mr. Myers at first supposed he had lost nothing, but on making an examination he missed a pocket book containing about sixty dollars, and as it was in the bureau ransacked by the thief it is supposed that he took it. Allen had a hearing yesterday, and in default of $500 bail he was committed.

A Courageous Woman.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Annie Slaybough, residing on Carson street, Birmingham, was awakened between two and three o'clock by a noise as if some one was prowling through the house. Getting up and going into the entry she met a man with his arm full of provisions coming from the kitchen. Seizing him she called for her brother, who slept in an upper chamber. The burglar at first tried to break loose from her grasp, but failing in this he dropped his load and dealt her a terrible blow with his first, which at once felled her to the floor. Recovering immediately she took hold of him once more, but twice the fellow, exasperated by her bravery and determination, struck her above the temple with some instrument, inflicting a very painful but not serious wound, and thus succeeded in making his escape before her brother could arrive.

Watch Stolen.

About twelve o'clock yesterday two men went into a confectionary store on McKee street, Birmingham, kept by Mrs. Samuel Evans, and called for mineral water. Mrs. Evans went to the cellar to get it for them and when she returned they had departed. She paid no attention to the matter until her husband came in. He went to look at a watch which was usually kept hanging in the store, to see what time it was, but the watch was not there. He asked his wife what she had done with it, which brought to her recollection the customers who had disappeared during her visit to the cellar. It appears they knew that the mineral water was kept in the cellar and called for it merely as a ruse to get the lady out of the room to assist them in their pilfering operations. No clue as to who the thieves are has yet been obtained.

Serious Railroad Accident.

An accident occurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Wilmore station about eight o'clock yesterday morning, resulting in the wreck of five freight cars and an engine, and seriously injuring the engineer. The fireman was but slightly injured. It appears that engine No. 219 while coming down the grade at Wilmore station collided with engine No. 141, which was attached to the fast freight going east. Five freight cars were demolished, and engine No. 141 was a total wreck. The engineer, Mr. Randolph, jumped off the engine and was so seriously injured that his recovery is dispaired of. The fireman was not so seriously injured, and will probably recover. The passenger trains on the road both east and west were delayed at that point about two hours.

Incendiarism.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in a small building occupied as a tobacco and notion store by J. M. Faber, and situated near the junction of the Greensburg pike and Butler street, in the Sixteenth ward. The fire was fortunately discovered before it had made much headway and the flames promptly extinguished. The investigation of the case by the Fire Marshal, Maj. Murphy, developed the fact that the store had been forcibly entered and the money drawer relieved of its contents previous to the breaking out of the fire, which leads to the well-grounded supposition that it was the work of an incendiary. No clue as yet has been obtained which would lead to the apprehension of the guilty party.

Watch Recovered.

Officer Gumbert yesterday arrested Jno. Showalter, who is charged with stealing a watch valued at fifty dollars, a coat and two dollars in money from Wm. M'Kinley. It appears that William was tired and laid down Sunday evening on the bank of the river in East Birmingham to rest. He took his watch out of his pocket, put it in his coat pocket, and then put his coat under his head for a pillow. When he awoke his his coat, watch and all were missing. He made the matter known to the officer, who found where the watch had been sold, and getting a description of the man who sold it, arrested him shortly afterward. He is in the lockup and will have a hearing this morning.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

A SEA-SHELL.

Cool lips of shell, sing, sea-shell warm and sweet,
Of ripples curling on the creamy beach,
Of soft waves singing in each other's ear;—
Small wavelets kissing one another, a low speech
Where flakes of sad to hear.

Tell me of half-formed little broken words
Sung by the ripples to the still sea-flowers
In silent, sleeping, tideless deeps of sea;
For there the flowers have voices like to birds,
That sing full-throated in this world of ours
On each melodious tree.

Not now, not now, sweet shell, some other day
Tell me of sighings on the lonely shore,
And seas that sob to birds that scream above;
Tell me not now of earth grown weak and gray,
Nor longing for the things that come no more,
Nor any broken love.

To me thy breathing bears another tone,
Of fresh cool currents running under sea,
And happy laughter of the sunny spray:—
Ah! hearest thou the words that are thine own,
Know'st thou the message that they bear to me,
The things they seem to say?

Ah, sea-shell! it is this—"The soft blue deep,
Which thrills with a heart that knows thee and is kind,
Sighed for thy sorrow, now it laughs with thee;
Love is a secret which man cannot keep,
Hide it from Heaven and the heedless wind,
But trust it with the sea!"

[*MacMillan's Magazine.*

EPHEMERIS.

—A. T. Stewart has bought a $200,000 villa at Newport.

—Forrest, the Fort Pillow wretch, was a negro trader before the war.

—The memoirs of Beau Brummel are being written by a London author.

—Du Chaillu is at Saratoga instead of enjoying himself shooting gorillas in Africa.

—A bear weighing 425 pounds, was recently caught in a trap near Pownall, Vermont.

—John Oxenford receives $5,000 a year for his services as dramatic critic on the London *Times*.

—General Grant owns forty-two horses, it is said, and the whole batch is only worth about $10,000.

—A man carrying a bucket of mortar on his head may be said to be a sub-lime character—*Exchange*.

—Outward bound vessels are kept in Canadian ports by the jam of ice-bergs in the lower St. Lawrence.

—Some very handsome shell work has been exhibited at Worcester last week.—*Commercial Bulletin*.

—A colored youth named Greener is said to have taken the first prize for declamation this year at Harvard.

—The crops in Holland are in danger of total destruction in consequence of the long continuation of dry weather.

—The printers of Montreal refuse to be paid in American silver. They prefer encouraging home manufacture.

—A young Baptist in West Ely, Mo., is rejoicing in the name of Onward-Opposition-To-Presbyterianism Hutchinson.

—In August, tradition says, we have cool nights. August will soon be here and we can for ourselves test the truth of tradition.

—When at sea, and requiring new milk, what part of the ship would be the best to go for it? Her *udder*, of course.—*Phil. Bulletin*.

—A Boston paper says, truly, that College men should remember that much discredit is thrown on the sports of the oar when they are followed by an or-gie.

—Philadelphia street-car horses are provided with canvass sun-shades which protect their heads and make them feel much more comfortable in the sun than they formerly did.

—The Philadelphia *Bulletin*, in speaking of the recent freshet in the monumental city, says "the unwashed and unterrified Democracy of Baltimore got washed and terrified.

—The ship William Frothingham, which arrived at New York the other day from Havre, reports having passed forty-two ice bergs in latitude 44, longitude 45, between the 7th and 15th of this month.

—Wilkie Collins is going to Australia. He says it is for his health, but we imagine it is to have full swing at the criminals there, in order to be able to produce another novel in his usual startling style.

—"George Eliot" is charmed with the reception of her "Spanish Gypsey;" she, herself, thinks it her best work. Readers, however, will scarcely consent to having it placed above "Romola; or the Mill on the Floss."

—We hear of quite a number of curious meteors having been seen recently in various parts of the country. For ourselves, we have but little faith in these brilliant phenomena when seen at any time so near the Fourth of July.

—An exact calculator has made an estimate upon the salaries paid to American ministers, and the number of sermons preached, and arrives at the conclusion that the price paid for a sermon, to take the country through, is only three cents apiece.

—Asa Proctor, of Andover, Me., hitched his horse to a board fence, and fed him with hay in a big box. There was a crack in one of the boards big enough for his cow to lick her tongue through at the hay. The horse bit her tongue off, so that he had to kill her.

—The days of persecution for one's creed's sake are, it seems, not gone by. In Poland, for instance, the Polish Jews, who wear their national costume, which they have worn in storm and calm for many centuries, are prohibited by a recent edict from entering any of the public parks or mineral water establishments.

—Somebody has perpetrated the following joke. He had evidently been at Worcester himself:

"Waiter," said an indignant guest at Worcester, "I called for eggs for my breakfast, not chickens." "Eggs, sir. Yes, sir; not very fresh, sir. Regatta week, sir." "Regatta week be blowed," said the hungry one; "is that any reason I should take a shell and pull it for breakfast?"

—Nothing that Artemus Ward ever did or could have done could possibly make amends for the butchery of the English language which he in a measure inaugurated, and his one crime of adding *ist* instead of *er*, to the end of a word, as singist, playist, etc., is or ought to be enough to render his name eternally odious to all lovers of refinement and good English.

—Miss Susan Galton, a favorite English songstress, has been engaged for the Richings Opera troupe, and will sail for this country shortly. Miss Richings has tried several American girls for the position of assistant leading lady, but has heretofore met with no success. We hope this English woman may prove as satisfactory as Miss Riching's efforts have proved to the general public.

—The New York *Commonwealth* shows evidence of unsuspected verdancy in its notice of the article on Smoking, in the August number of *Lippincott's Magazine*. It says it "is evidently written by a gentleman in excellent society, since he tells us that he can count a hundred ladies of his acquaintance whose dress costs them each four thousand a year." Either this is as we said before, excessively green, or very sarcastic on the part of the *Commonwealth*.

—It is quite amusing to read the articles on "Words and their uses" in the *Galaxy*. The author, Mr. Richard Grant White, is a clerk in the New York Custom House, nothing more, and yet he deliberately goes to work and accuses Thackeray, Shakespeare, or any other great author, of whom he happens to think, of murdering English. Even this, presumptuous as it is, would not be so bad if he only seized real errors, but instead, he seems to search the dictionary for obsolete words and usuage of words which he then parades before the public as the only correct ones. Goom, he says, is proper, and Groom a horrible crime against English. Just as if Milton, Thackeray or Longfellow should not be in themselves authority sufficient for the use of any word or term; at least quite as much Mr. R. G. White.

—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* gets off a few absurdities every day; we give a few specimens:

In adding up the Northern States that are going for Seymour, the Democrats are advised not to forget to "carry one."

Laborers are so scarce in Maine that farmers are willing to pay any price asked to assist them in cutting their hay. The laborers want more and the farmers want mower.

Why are the Sandwich Islands like an original idea? Because they're are an Emma-nation.

A New York thief stole $300 worth of false teeth. It was an acci-dental theft.

The smartest baby—the one that is most spanked.

Secret societies are of very ancient origin. Cain married the daughter of a Nod fellow.

The best machinery for prosecuting an inquiry. The How-so? ing Machine.

Well "posted"—the telegraph.

Natural humbugs—Bees.

The Change in Fashions—A General Statement—What "Le Beau Monde" Says.

The July number of *Le Beau Monde* discourses of the prevailing fashions as follows:

"If a lady were asked to express in a couple of words what changes have taken place in the fashions during the past month, she should reply, even if she did not, 'shorter and skimpier.' Crinoline had such a rage, and became so unbounded, that it was only natural to expect a very violent reaction. But nobody could have anticipated such a state of things as now exists. A little more, and a long step will not be a possibility. Again, ladies blessed with a profusion of hair, having dressed it in the prevailing style, and having adopted the extreme of fashion, presents a very unpleasing appearance. Some judgment should be used in these matters.

"For our parts, we believe the want of proportion now evident in all the fashions will be compensated by the absolute introduction of the farthingale itself, and the abandonment of the many shapes of imitation of that adjunct which the last two months have been industriously hatching, and which this month have taken something like decision of shape.

"Assuredly, the hips must be draped in some manner. It is quite impossible that the totally narrow skirt, utterly unrelieved, can prevail. Of the eight figures with which we present our readers this month, scarcely one is plain at the hips.

"The hair is still worn at the summit of the head in Paris, but this style has not been adopted in England by the very best people.

"The short-dress ball has had the effect of reducing the length of the trains, while, at the same time, they are somewhat filled out behind.

"The proper length of an out-door dress is certainly not more than three inches from the ground, while these skirts are now relieved somewhat from their meanness of appearance either by flat frills—sometimes two, one above the other—ruchings, or flat flutings.

"Of the extraordinary and chaotic shapes of what may be called over-skirts we can scarcely venture to say anything. They sometimes take shape of rounded aprons in front, squaring off into a jacket line behind, the whole completed with long wide knotted ends. Again, a sort of George III. period, half square, in the material of the dress, is combined with a half-loose bodice, which is completed with falling ends behind. In other cases, a sort of curtain diapered skirt in gauze, black or white, is draped over the under-skirt, swept about the dress, raised behind at the waist, and completed by falling ends. In other cases, from a cuirasse girdle flows a loose drapery of the material of the dress, which being looped underneath to the waist again after falling a few inches, gives the idea of an antique Grecian bodice, an effect enhanced by the sweeping and crossed drapery flowing over the skirt.

"In other cases, to the skirt of the dress is given the exact semblance of a petticoat, because the material is not used at all in the upper skirt, which is looped up all the way round, while over the back falls the long bowed ends of a Marie Antoinette fichu, worn so low over the bodice as to give at its upper line the outline of evening dress. In these cases the whole of the upper skirt, the fichu, the bow is made of the same pompadour silk, always a diaper of bouquets upon a dark ground, frequently black. The petticoat being generally made of light colored material, the contrast is most marked and deliberate.

"Sometimes the rounded apron style is so managed that that it reminds one of the leathern apron of a sapper and miner.

"Sleeves for out-door dress remain quite plain in cut. They are generally trimmed with epaulettes and wristbands in character with the flat trimmings of the skirt.

"For evening dress, sometimes the half-square, of the material of the dress, as it passes over the shoulder, forms the sleeve. In other cases, when the bodice is cut square in front, the sleeve is flat and almost angular, while, in other cases, actually something like a melon sleeve is to be seen.

"Jet is not to be seen, and gold, however, is gradually creeping into popularity."

THE gold and silver product of the United States for the last eighteen years has been about $712,000,000. Our coin and bullion exports for the period exceeded our imports by the same number of dollars. Free trade has, therefore, cost the country this amount in gold and silver alone in less than a score of years.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED. A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.

GAS FIXTURES AND Chandeliers,

FOR GAS AND OIL.

Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.

WELDON & KELLY,

147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY. mh24:n22

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

SOAP STONE, PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS, WATER PIPES.

HENRY H. COLLINS, ap16:o70 25 Wood street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.

Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.

R. B. & C, A. BROCKETT & CO.

Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. je22:r83

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

NEW & SEASONABLE GOODS.

PINK, WHITE AND BLUE MOSQUITO BAR; LADIES' AND GENT'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR; PALM FANS, LINEN FANS, SILK FANS; HEAD NETS; LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, LACE HANDKERCH'FS, EMBROIDREED HANDKERCH'FS; COTTON HOSIERY; LADIES', GENT'S AND CHILDREN'S MERINO HOSE, SILK GLOVES, LACE COLLARS, LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS.

CORSETS,

A splendid assortment for Ladies and Misses.

BULLION FRINGES, SEWING SILK FRINGES.

Also, a full line of

BULLION, to Match.

We have now a full line of the new

DROP SKIRTS ON HAND.

JOCKEY COLLAR, DICKENS COLLAR, DERBY COLLAR, EXPOSITION COLLAR.

We would especially invite the attention of Jobbers to our Wholesale Department, as we sell our goods at lowest eastern market prices.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO., 78 and 80 Market Street. jy25

AT JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

DAILY ARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS!

HAMBURG EDGINGS AND FLOUNCINGS; HAMBURG INSERTINGS; SWISS EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS; LACE CAPES, COIFFEURS AND PARASOL COVERS; LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.

HOSIERY.

SUPER STOUT AND SUPER FINE COTTON AND MERINO 1-2 HOSE; LADIES' AND MISSES' HOSE, in Lace, Lisle, Silk and Cotton, of best English and German makes; DOMESTIC HOSIERY, at very low rates; ALEXANDRE'S DUCHESS KID GLOVES, a new line just received.

A full assortment of BULLION AND SILK FRINGES; TASSEL FRINGES. BEAD FRINGES AND TRIMMINGS; GIMP HEADINGS; TRIMMING RIBBONS AND SATINS; PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

STRAW GOODS.

At greatly reduced rates.

New style HATS—Ladies' and Misses. CRAPES, MALINES, DOTTED NETTS; RIBBONS, FLOWERS, MILLINERY LACES, BONNET SILKS, FRAMES, SUNDOWNS AND SHAKER HOODS,

Wholesale and Retail.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

77 and 79 Market Street. je1:MWF

PRICES MARKED DOWN!

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

ALL GOODS GREATLY REDUCED!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1ST.

HOOP SKIRTS. (Ladies',) for	50c
CORSETS, (Real French,)	80
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 3 for	25
KID GLOVES, (warranted,)	1.00
PAPER COLLARS	10
200 Yds. SPOOL COTTON, (good)	5
POCKET BOOKS, worth 50c.	25
MEN'S SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS	50
MEN'S JEAN DRAWERS	75

All kinds Bonnets and Hats at Half Cost.

CREAT BARGAINS!

IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.

Special Rates to Merchants & Dealers.

MACRUM & CARLISLE, jy1:n69 19 FIFTH STREET.

PAINTERS.

WILL. S. TAYLOR, PAINTER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny.

Thankful for the former very liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I assure my friends and the public generally that, in the future as in the past, I shall endeavor diligently to merit a continuance of the same, and will be always at the shop from 7 to 9 A. M. and from 1 to 3 P. M. my21:q14

DRY GOODS.

AT WM. SEMPLE'S,

Will be Found a Large Stock of

DRY GOODS.

BLEACHED MUSLIN, UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, PILLOW CASE MUSLIN, SHIRTING CHECK, TICKING, PRINTS, DELAINES, ALPACCAS, COTTON TABLE DIAPER, LINEN TABLE DIAPER, TOWELS, TOWELING, CASSIMERES, JEANS, HONEY COMB QUILTS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, WHITE AND COLORED CORSETS, GENT'S WHITE SHIRTS, HOSIERY, HANDKERCHIEFS, BONNETS, SUNDOWNS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny. jy25

LINEN FOR PANTS.

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 52 St. Clair St.,

HAVE A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE LINEN DRILLS, for Pants.
COL'D & STRIPED " for Pants.
LINEN DUCKS.
BLOUSE LINENS.
FRENCH LINENS.
STRIPED AND FIGURED SHIRT LINENS.
WHITE MARSEILLES.
BUFF MARSEILLES.

Stock all new and CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE FRONT. jy21:

87. MARKET STREET. 87.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES!

TO CLOSE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS.

87 MARKET STREET.

THEODORE F. PHILLIPS.

je30: 87....MARKET STREET....87.

115 WOOD ST. 115.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

jy2:n64

168.....168.

NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.

HOSIERY and GLOVES.

F. SOUCY,

No. 168 Wylie Street.

168. 168.

[ap30:n60]

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO., (Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third door above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CONFECTIONERIES.

HENRY W. HORBACH, Confectionery and Bakery

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STERET, Between Seventh and Liberty.

LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEO. SCHLELEIN, Fancy Cake Baker & Confectioner,

AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS & NUTS,

No. 40, corner Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny. Constantly on hand, ICE CREAM, of various flavors.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the style of

SAMUEL HASTINGS & CO.,

Is this day dissolved by mutual consent, DAVID EWING withdrawing from the firm. The business will be carried on as usual, under the old name of S. HASTINGS & CO., Carpenters and Builders, corner of West street and North Avenue. The business of the old firm will be settled by the undersigned.

SAMUEL HASTINGS, DAVID HASTINGS.

Allegheny, July 6th, 1868. y8:s91

NOTICE.

The undersigned has associated with him in business, dating from April 1st, 1868, Mr. ALFRED S. WALL, his son ASA S. GILLISPIE and LOUIS ENGLERT. The style of the firm to be J. J. GILLESPIE & CO. J. J. GILLESPIE.

Referring to the above, the undersigned take pleasure in stating that they will continue the

LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE BUSINESS,

At 86 Wood street, where they intend to offer inducements to purchasers second to no house in the United States.

J. J. GILLESPIE & CO. my9:p98

DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between J. B. WILLIAMS, WILLIAM BURKE and DAVID J. MILLER, under the name and style of J. B. WILLIAMS & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the books of the said firm have been left with R. J. McCANDLESS, Sherman House, No 16 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, for settlement. The business in future will be carried on by J. B. WILLIAMS.

J. B. WILLIAMS, WILLIAM BURKE, DAVID J. MILLER.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1868. je2:r6-TU

CRACKER BAKERIES.

SHEPHARD'S

STEAM CRACKER BAKERY,

317 Liberty Street.

Our Crackers are baked upon the OVEN BOTTOM, and are superior to any baked by hot air or any other process.

TRY THEM.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS

ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS

OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

WINE, BOSTON, SODA, CREAM, FRENCH, WATER, BUTTER, SUGAR and SODA CRACKERS; SCOTCH and MILK BISCUIT.

For Sale by Every Grocer in the City.

Bakery, No. 91 Liberty St. je5:r36

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

ELECTIC SUMMER CORDIAL,

An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sour Stomach and Cholera Morbus.

DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE,

A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, for sale by

HARRIS & EWING,

Corner of Liberty and Wayne Streets.

AGENTS FOR

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON'S

PURE WHITE LEAD,

AND

McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,

The only green paint that will not deteriorate by exposure. It will look better, last longer and give more perfect satisfaction than any paint in the market.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING AND SEWING MACHINE.

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.

Agents wanted to sell this Machine.

CHAS. C. BALSLEY, Agent for Western Pennsylvania. Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. my25:q84

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA. my19:j64

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

JULIAN ALLEN,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

No 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building,) PITTSBURGH, PA.

Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y. ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,

No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

AFTER JULY 1ST,

We will offer our present stock of

Wall Papers at Greatly Reduced Prices.

A large assortment of SATIN PAPERS, for halls, rooms, ceilings, &c., at

No. 107 Market Street, near Fifth.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO. jy3

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

500 ACRES OF WHITE PINE AND LOCK TIMBER LAND, situated on Black Creek, Buffington township, Indiana county, 9 miles from Nineveh Station, on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and about 60 acres of cleared land, under good fencing. On the premises erected one Grist Mill, with 2 run of burrs and run of stones, all complete and in good running order. One Saw Mill, in complete order, cutting 3,000 feet per day.

One dwelling house, two stories high, with 4 rooms, 40x42 feet.

One dwelling, 28x40 feet, 8 rooms.
One " 18x26 " 2 "
One " 18x26 " 4 "
One " 18x26 " 2 "
One " 24x26 " 5 "

One Stable, 20x24 feet, 16 feet high; Blacksmith Shop and other outbuildings. This land is underlaid with stone coal and iron ore, and it has a number of never-falling springs of water, besides the stream running through the entire premises, and will be sold cheap and on easy terms, to a good man with little money.

10 LOTS ON BEDFORD AVENUE, each lot 20 by 100 feet, on which is erected four two-story frame dwelling houses, of 6 rooms and hall each. These lots embrace a full square of ground, fronting 200 feet on Bedford avenue, and bounded at each end by a wide street, with an 18 feet alley in the rear. On the premises is a pump of lasting and excellent water, and the surface of the lots is level and needs neither filling nor grading to prepare them for building purposes, and being in a section of the city where property is increasing very rapidly in value, make them desirable for an investment, especially as the present houses rent for enough to pay a good interest on the sum asked for the whole property. Call soon on the undersigned and secure a cheap, safe and paying investment.

Also, A FARM OF 160 ACRES of good land, situated in East Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa., 90 acres of which is cleared land, in good cultivation, 20 acres being in excellent meadow. The improvements are a two-story frame dwelling house of 4 rooms, a frame bank barn, 36x60 feet, with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings, all in good repair. It is in a good neighborhood, convenient to schools, churches, stores, &c., and will be sold very low for cash or approved securities.

Also, a RIVER BOTTOM FARM of 76 acres, 12 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, one-half mile from Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville railroad; near churches, schools, stores, &c., in the flourishing villages of Boston and Green Oak. The improvements are a two-story brick house of 6 rooms, hall and cellar, a good frame bank barn, with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings; a never-failing spring of good standing water at the door, and several standing springs of water on the farm, and an orchard of 700 trees of selected fruits of apples, cherries, pears, peaches, quinces and grapes. This property being located near the line of the railroad, within one hour's ride of the city, makes it very desirable for gardening or a dairy farm; it is a good and beautiful location for country homes for the city, lying immediately on the river, on the opposite side from the railroad. The West Newton Accommodation and other trains on the railroad afford certain and frequent opportunities of communication to and from the city. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of one acre or more, to suit purchasers.

Also, A FARM OF 173 ACRES, situated in Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Hoyt Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard of 120 acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract is covered with good timber. It is well watered, underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm; and with it will be sold all the personal property on the premises, consisting of horses, cows, stock cattle, hogs and poultry, harness, gears, wagon, plows, farming implements and household and kitchen furniture. Together will be sold very low and on easy terms, to a responsible purchaser.

Also, a desirable and very fertile Tract of Land of 158 ACRES AND 25 PERCHES, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Hempfield railroad, and one and one-half miles from the Connellsville railroad at Suter's Station. On this farm are 40 acres of superior white oak timber, which alone is now worth one-half the price asked for the whole tract. The improvements are a log house, frame barn, good fencing, and an apple orchard of good fruit. It is well watered and underlaid with limestone and flag stone of a superior quality, with stone coal for the use of the farm.

Also, The best FARM in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., of 250 ACRES, at six miles south of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad at Bolivar Station. The improvements are a large hewed log dwellings; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, in good bearing condition; corn crib, wagon shed and other outbuildings. The whole farm under a high state of cultivation; fencing all in first rate order, and the land of the best quality of limestone soil, about 200 acres of which is cleared; the residue of the tract in good timber, such as white oak, rock oak, hickory, walnut and beech. This property will be sold very cheap and on good terms, as the owner wishes to engage in other business. For particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, 164 Fourth Street je20:o42

FOR SALE.

TWO HOUSES AND LOT on Carroll street, Allegheny. This property will be sold low, as the party is about leaving the city, and wishes to dispose of the property before removing.

SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about 800 acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Only $2,500—balance on time to suit buyer.

FARM OF 120 ACRES, will be sold for twelve dollars per acre. Improvements comfortable frame house and good barn; 50 acres of the land clear.

FARM OF 180 ACRES, near the line of railroad, very well located for raising stock; Improvements are good and substantial; 100 acres of the land in meadow and grain.

CITY PROPERTY.—Will sell a good brick house containing five rooms, at Sixteen Hundred Dollars, and would rent for the amount in six years.

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, having a river front, and very convenient of access.

TANNERY, convenient to the city, and having well established custom or local trade connected therewith; a good dwelling and forty acres of land.

FOUR LOTS in Sharpsburg, near the railroad, would make a good coal yard.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—That fine Hotel property situated at the Blairsville Junction, containing fourteen rooms and the necessary outbuildings, with three acres of garden and fruit trees. The well located hotel will be sold low, as the proprietor wishes to retire from business.

FOR RENT.

One large House, for Boarding House.
One new Brick House, 8 rooms.
One new Brick House of 4 rooms.
One new Brick House of 3 rooms.
One House of 5 rooms and lot 55 by 140.
One House of 7 rooms and lot 150 by 150.
Two new Brick Houses, 11 rooms each.
One new Frame House, 4 rooms.
Two new Brick Houses, 3 rooms each.
One new Frame House in Wilkinsburg, having six rooms and large lot, well suited for garden.
7 acres that can be divided into acre lots.
5 Lots in Oakland.

Power and a large Room and Yard for rent, in good location. Will be rented for short or long time.

FOR LEASE OR SALE—3 Lots on Morton street, Ninth Ward.

WANTED—3,000 feet of Flagging 3 to 4 inch thick.

TO LOAN---$50,000,

IN SUMS OF $5,000 AND UPWARD.

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh. je29:p18

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX, Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y, St. Louis, Missouri. au14:

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE, IN ALLEGHENY CITY.

The Executors of the late General Robinson will sell

Five Valuable Building Lots,

Situated on the North Commons, each lot 24 by 170 feet. These lots are among the most desirable for private residence of any to be had in the city.

Also the FAMILY CARRIAGE and pair of fine HORSES, with HARNESS complete.

Apply at the office of

JOHN D. ROBINSON, je30:d23 No. 14 Federal Street, Allegheny.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR RENT.—A large two-story dwelling House, containing 10 rooms, including double parlor, with marble mantles, and all the modern improvements; 1 acre of ground, filled with fruit, grapes, berries, &c. Situated near Minersville, at the termination of the Wylie street Passenger cars. This is one of the handsomest locations in Allegheny county, and in a good neighborhood. Apply at W. A. HERRON'S Real Estate Office, 87 Grant street. mh25

FOR SALE & TO LET.—Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

TTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

'FFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 27, 1868.

RUDE—The Crude market was rather and a little weak to-day, and, as will en, spot oil sold at a reduction of a rter, compared with last week. The ings, however, are not very heavy, that a the reduction, while it is as as true that the demand is light, even ne decline; in fact there seems to be little disposition manifested on either to operate, though the general tone of market is in favor of buyers. The re- ts continue moderate, averaging from to 3,000 bbls per day, and this seems e sufficient te meet the present re- ements of the trade, which are not as ent as they were some weeks since. We report sales of 1,000 bbls, on spot, at e; 1,000 for October, seller's option, at e, and 1,000 for November, same op- , at same figure. Oil City advices re- the market dull at $5,40, delivered on rd guage cars—this is the asking price; aler.

EFINED—The market for bonded oil quiet but steady, at about Saturday's tations; sale of 500 bbls for July at 34; 500 each for October, November and ember at 34¾. Philadelphia circulars ler date of Saturday report the stock in ehouse and on shipboard at something 73,000 bbls—Crude and Refined. This, believe, is not considered an unusually e supply for this season of the year; not arge scarcely as the shipments of the two or three months would warrant. exports from January 1st to July 25th, oreign countries, are something over 00,000 gallons, or more than double the ntity exported during the correspond- time last year.

the shipments for the last half of 1868 uld keep up to the ratio of the first half, ch is not probable, the amount export- would aggregate 96,000,000 gallons, or ut *two million, four hundred thousand rels.*

RRIVALS—The arrivals of oil re- ted to-day were as follows:

M. Edgerton.960	Fisher & Bro.....880
khart & F....560	Buffum, K. & Co...400
ch & Wood..160	Vista Oil Works...240
& Pinkerton. 50	H. Swaney..... 51
& G. Bowman 51	
Total.....	3352

OIL SHIPMENTS PER A. V. R. R.

orsyth, Bro. & Co., 511 do do to War- , Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
. Jageman, 100 do do to Waring, King o., Philadelphia.
at. Ref. Co., 100 do do to F. A. Dil- th & Co., Philadelphia.
raun & Wagner, 150 do do to Waring, g & Co., Philadelphia.
ivingston & Bro., 250 do do to Warden, w & Co., Philadelphia.
IcKelvy & Bro., 280 do do to W. P. Lo- & Bro., Philadelphia.
IcCreery & Beaumont, 248 do do to W. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
IcKee & Hackett, 350 do do to W. P. gan & Bro., Philadelphia.
raun & Wagner, 50 do benzole to War- King & Co., Philadelphia.

SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

as. Miller, 97 bbls refined to W. P. Lo- & Bro., Philadelphia.
rooks, Ballentine & Co., 155 do do to rden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
uncan & Williams, 131 do do to W. P. gan & Bro., Philadelphia.
. D. Miller, 34 do do to Waring, King & , Philadelphia.
. W. Holdship, 24 do do to Waring. g & Co., Philadelphia.
Varden & Batchelder, 60 do do to War- , Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
leming & Co., 494 do do to Waring, g & Co., Philadelphia.
irkpatrick & Lyon, 134 bbls ref. W. P. gan & Bro., Philadelphia.
nion Ref. & St. Co., 195 do do to W. P. gan & Bro., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

EW YORK, July 27.—Cotton dull, heavy ¼c lower; sales 700 bales at 30c for idling uplands. Flour—Receipts 10,396 s; flour 15a20c better for fresh ground sound; low grades in light supply with ood enquiry; sales 9,400 bbls at $6,50a for superfine State; $8a8,70 for extra te; $8,05a10,40 for extra western; $10,50 ,75 for white wheat extra; $8,40a12,75 for H. O.; $9a11 for extra St Louis, and $11a or good to choice do, closing firm; Cali- nia firmer; sales 1,200 sacks at $10a12,30. e flour firm; sales 330 bbls at $7,75a10, n meal steady; sales 175 bbls Brandy- e at $6a6,25. Whisky quiet and firm, h buyers at 50c, and sellers at 52a53c bond. Receipts of wheat 36,030 bush, l and w thout a decided change; es 32,000 bush at $1,82 for No 2 spring, 88 for Nos 1 and 2 mixed, $1,95 for No 1 ing, $2,35 for amber Michigan, and $2,50 white Canada. Rye quiet and firm. rley dull. Barley malt firm; sales 500 sh at $2,30; also 1000 bush very choice do $2,40. Corn; receipts 19,995 bush; 1a2c ver; sales 122,000 bush at $1,06a1,13½ for xed western afloat, closing at $1,12½ for me parcels, $1,14 for high mixed, nearly low, $1,19 for prime western yellow, and 20 for white western. Oats; receipts 356 bush; dull and lower; sales 78,000 sh at 83½c for western in store, and 85a ½c for do afloat. Stock of grain in ware- use—wheat, 637,188 bush; corn, 1,359,303 sh; oats, 520,016 bush; rye, 9,813 bush; rley, 3,775 bush; malt, 77,865 bush; peas, 360 bush. Rye quiet. Coffee firm and fair demand for Rio. Other kinds ll. Sugar nominal, at Hall1¼c for re- ing Cuba. Molasses nominal. Hops iet. Petroleum steady, at 17½c for nde and 34a34½c for refined bonded. rk quiet and heavy; sales of 1,300 bbls, $28,12a28,25 for new mess, closing at ,12 cash; $28a28,10 for old do, $22,25a 25 for prime, and $24,00a24,25 for prime ess; also 250 bbls new mess for sellers for tober at $28,12, and 5,000 bbls do for yers for September at $28,25a28,60. Beef adv; sales of 165 bbls, at $15a20,50 for w plain mess and $20,50a24,75 new extra ss. Beef Hams dull at $26a33. Cut ats steady; sales of 280 pkgs, at 12¼a ¼c for shoulders and 16¼a17¼c for hams. ddles nominal; sales of 25 boxes of Strat- d at 17c. Lard quiet and firm, sales of) tierces, at 16¾a18c for steam and 18a ¼c for kettle rendered. Butter firm, at 35c for Ohio. Cheese steady at 11a16c. eights to Liverpool dull and drooping. LATEST.—Flour closed fairly active and vancing for sound low grades. Wheat her quiet and heavy for spring; No. 2, 80a1,83; No. 1, $1,90a1,95. Rye nominal $1,73a1,80. Oats heavy at 83¼c in store, d 85c afloat. Corn dull at $1,07a1,12 for w mixed Western afloat. Pork dull and avy at $28,00a28,12 for mess, cash and reg- ar. Beef quiet and without decided ange. Cut Meats firm and in fair de- and: sales 100 pkgs bagged hams at 21c. con dull and unchanged. Lard firm at ¼a18c for fair to prime steam. Eggs iet and unchanged.

New York Dry Goods Market.

y Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27.—Dry goods market ther quiet and not quite so buoyant for rtain styles of cotton goods, such as print- g cloths, which can be bought at 9c. ints steady and in limited request at 13½ 4½ for standard makes of fancies in rk colors. Standard brown sheetings of e best makes can be bought at 17½, such e Appleton A and Indian Head, and e Mystic River at 15¼. Bleached muslin eady at 28 for New York mills; 22½ for scarora, and 15½ for Gold Medal.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

y Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Beeves very ull and ½a1c lower; receipts, 2,300 head: xtra Pennsylvania and western 9a10c, fair good 7a8¼c, common 5a6c gross. Sheep nchanged; sales 8,000 head at 5a6c gross. ogs 50c higher; sales 3,000 head at $13a ,50 per cwt. net.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 144⅛@144¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money easy at 3@4 per cent. on call. Sterling quiet at 110@110⅝ with fair demand. The failure of an old banking firm is reported, but name not given. Gold active, excited and higher, closing at 144⅛@144¼. There is a large short interest, and the upward movement is the natural result of a decreased supply under heavy exportations.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks higher. Coupons '81, 115¼@115¾; do. '62, 114½@115; do. '64, 111⅞@111¾; do. '65, 112⅝@112¾; do. new, 109½@109⅝; do. '67, 109½@109¾; do. '68, 109⅝@109¾; 10-40s, 108⅜@108½; 7-30s, 109@109¼. Conversions of 7-30s to-day $344,850.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Railway shares buoyant with a pretty general advance. Border State Bonds lower. Miscellaneous Express shares dull. The following were the 5:30 prices: Canton, 47; Cumberland, 34½; Wells' Express, 26¼@26¾; American Express, 45½@47; Adams Express, 53@53½; United States, Express, 46¼@47½; Merchants Union Express, 24⅜@24⅝; Quicksilver, 22½@24; Pacific Mail, 100½@100½; Western Union Telegraph, 35@35⅛; New York Central, 135¾@135½; Erie, 68¾@69, Erie preferred, 74⅞@75¼; Hudson, 138¾@139; Harlem, 125; Reading, 95¼@95½; Ohio and Mississippi, 36⅛@36⅜; Wabash, 53¼@53½; St. Paul, 76@76½; St. Paul preferred, 84¼@84½; Michigan Central, 118½; Michigan Southern, 92½@92¼; Illinois Central, 152; Pittsburgh, 89¼@89⅝; Toledo, 103@118; Rock Island, 108¼@108¾; Northwestern, 83@83¾; do. preferred, 82¾@82⅝; Fort Wayne, 110⅜; Hartford and Erie, 18⅛; Chicago and Alton, 138; do preferred, 138¾; Astabula, 99; Prairie Du Chien, 1st preferred, 166.

BORDER STATE BONDS.

Missouris, 99¼; Old Tennessees, 67½; New, 66¾; Old North Carolinas, 72; New, 71⅝.

MINING SHARES.

Mining Shares dull; Edgehill, 4; Gregory 450; Montana, 43.

SUB-TREASURY MATTERS.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury $3,305,975; payments, $288,350; balance, $317,869,948. Disbursements, coin interest $241,000.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand and 1a 1¼c higher; sales of No. 2 at $1,76a1,78, closing steady at $1,76; no change since noon. Corn less active; ½a¾c lower; sales No. 1 at 91¾a92½c; No. 2, 91a91¾c, and rejected at 85a86½c, closing at 92½a92¼c for No. 1; no change this afternoon. Oats quiet and ¼c higher; sales at 66½a66¾c cash, and 68¼a68¾c seller August. Rye firmer and quiet at $1,25 for No. 1, and $1,15 for No. 2. Barley more active at $1,25 for new No. 2 in store. Provisions unchanged. Mess Pork inactive and nominal at $28,25a28,50. Lard firm at 17¼a17½c. Short rib middles at 12½c. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours—flour, 2,456 bbls; wheat, 26,340; corn, 95,615; oats, 8,556 bus. Shipments—flour, 967 bbls; wheat, 8,306; corn, 87,180; oats, 250 bus. Freights dull at 2½a2¾c on corn to Buffalo.

St. Louis Market.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Tobacco firm and the demand exceeds the supply; round lugs $8a9; dark leaf $9a13; factory $10a13; black wrappers $12a16; bright leaf $15a40. Nothing doing in hemp. Flour firmer and in better demand for all grades, but no advance in the price. Wheat firm; sales choice red and white at $2,22a2,23; good to prime do. $2,10a2,15; prime soft spring $1,70. Corn firmer and the demand limited; mixed and yellow white 87a88c. Oats irregular and declining; sales choice at 53a54c. Rye steady at $1,10a1,12 for good to choice. Provisions firm and quiet. Pork held at $29 Bacon—city clear sides 17c; country 16¾c; city shoulders 12¾a13c. In Lard there is very little doing; choice held at 17½ a18c in tierces. Receipts—flour 1,275 bbls; wheat 15,967 bu; corn 2,939 bu; oats 21,768 bu; rye 1,134 bu.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, July 27.—Flour; receipts of 263 barrels; the market is quiet. Wheat; receipts of 4,110 bushels; sales were made of new white Michigan at $2,20; do. amber Michigan at $2,03a2,04; do. amber Illinois, $2,05; No. 2 Illinois, $1,88a1,90; new No. 1 red Wabash, $2,00; No. 2 do. $1,90; amber, seller for August, $1,81a1,83. Corn; receipts of 13,102 bushels; the market is a shade better, with sales of No. 1 on spot and all this week at 95½c. Oats is held at 72c for No. 1, with 71c bid. Lake freights are dull and nominal. The receipts for the past week amounted to 4,580 barrels flour, 6,761 bushels wheat, 49,069 bushels corn, 1,600 bushels oats, and 360 bushels rye. Shipments: 3,550 barrels flour, 8,058 bushels wheat, 158,283 bushels corn, and 15,370 bushels oats.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Flour scarce and firm at $10a10,25 for superfine. Wheat is in light supply and held firm at $2,05a2.15 for old No 2 and 1; new sold at $1,90a2, according to quality, but the market is irregular. Corn steady at 88a90c. Oats firm at 80c; the supply is better. Cotton in moderate demand at 30c for middlings. Whisky firmer and in good demand at 45c in bond. Mess Pork is in moderate demand at $28,25, but is nominally held at $28,50. Bulk Meats and Bacon unchanged. Lard held at 18c, but there are no buyers at better than 17¾c. Butter firm at 28a33c Clover Seed firm at $13. Linseed Oil steady at $1,06. Hogs in good demand at $8,50a10,00 per cental gross. Gold at 144½, buying.

Cleveland Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, July 27.—Flour quiet at $10,00a10,50 for double extra spring, $11,00a11,50 for double extra red winter; country brands are weak and irregular. Wheat—sales of 2 cars No. 1 red winter, new, at $2,15, and 1 car do, new, at $2,47. Corn—sales of $2,000 bus, seller, the balance of the month, at 97c. Oats dull at 73c. Rye; market dull and inactive, and held at $1,75 a1,80 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Petroleum more quiet and firm; refined held at 31c for standard white.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Sales of 47 hhds tobacco; lugs to medium leaf at $7a15½. Cotton; sales 28 bales. Superfine flour sold at $6,25a6,50. Wheat at $1,85a1,90. Oats, new sold at 45a55c. Corn at 94a95c. Rye at $1,25a1,35. Potatoes at $3,50. Lard at 18a18½c. Pork; mess at $28,50. Bacon shoulders at 13¼c; clear rib sides at 16¾c; clear sides at 17¼c. Bulk meats; shoulders at 12c; clear sides at 16c. Whisky, raw, free at $1a1,08.

Milwaukee Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, July 27.—Flour quiet, but firm, with prices unchanged. Wheat unsettled at $2,17 for No. 1, and $1,75 for No. 2. Oats firmer at 73c for No. 2. Corn quiet and firm at 91c for No. 2. Receipts—400 bbls flour, 4,000 bush wheat, 1,000 bush oats, 500 bush corn. Shipments—2,000 bbls flour, 15,000 bush wheat, 500 bush oats, 400 bush corn.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Live stock, choice shipping beeves firm and in demand at $5a7 gross. Sheep $2,50a5 per head. Lambs $2,50a4.

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27.—Receipts for the week, 5,073 beeves, 17,470 sheep and lambs, 13,841 hogs. Beef tolerably active and firm on average quality; fair extra 17a17½; prime 16½a17c; fair to good 16a16½c; ordinary 15a15½c; inferior 13a14c. Sheep and Lambs active, with moderate offerings, closing strong at an advance of ¼a1c; Sheep 4½a7¾c; Lambs 9a11½c. Hogs moderately active and firm and ¼a½c higher, with sales of 4,000 at 10a10¼c for light to common; 10¾a10¾c for fair to good, and 10⅝a10¾c heavy corn fed.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Petroleum unchanged. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat in limited enquiry; sales 3,000 bush good red at $2,20a2,30, and amber at $2,32. Rye steady at $1,65. Corn in limited request; sales 3,000 bush mixed western at $1,18. Oats steady; sales Pennsylvania at 88a90c. Provisions—Little doing.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Flour very firm with a fair demand; northwestern superfine $6,75a7,50; extra $8,80a9,00. Wheat in good demand; receipts small; prime to choice $2,35a2,40. Corn firm; white $1,25a1,28; yellow $1,20. Oats steady, with new at 85a90c, and old at 94a95c. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 27.—Beef cattle steady and firm at $7,50a7,75 for good choice steers; $5,75a7,25 for medium to fair do. Hogs are firm and steady at $8,75a9,30 for good to choice; $8,25a8,50 for medium, and $8a8,12½ for common.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 27.—7 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 8 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Moorhead & Co; 1 do do, J W Porter; 1 do do, Pittsburgh Forge Co; 3 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 50 bbls flour, J Shepard; 5 do vinegar, G Meyer; 9 do do, H Gerwig & Co; 4 doz brooms, J S Dilworth & Co; 51 sacks oats, H Schuelbach; 12 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 150 dozen handles, Lippincott & Bakewell; 48 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co; 103 sks, 88 crates rags, Christy & Benham; 25 bxs cheese, L J Blanchard; 26 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 25 do do, W M Gormly; 25 bbls flour, James Gregg; 8 bbls pearls, McKee & Bro; 300 sks malt, Spencer & McKay; 2 cars wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 200 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 200 do do, owner; 100 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 100 do do, Shipton & Wallace; 200 do do, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, Keil & Ritchart; 100 do do, McClure & McKee; 500 pigs lead, B L Fahnestock & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 27.—3 hhds hams, R & M Walsh; 3 do do, W H Wilson; 1 do shoulders, G Mitchell; 5 tcs beef, 2 do bacon, E H Myers & Co; 10 pkgs white lead, T H Nevin & Co; lot carriage hardware, McWhinney & Co; do do, Hare & Bro; 17 sks corn, Robb & Herron; 1 bbl eggs, S P Shriver & Co; 3 do do, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 car wheat, D Wallace; 1 do do, Liggett & Co; 1 car staves, J Painter & Son; 1 do, J Kimmish; 1 do do, W Hastings; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 32 tcs hams, J H Parker; 10 do do, Carter & McGrew; 6 tcs hams, Shiller & Son; 4 do do, G F Comley; 10 do lard, W B Havs & Son; 10 bbls oil, T H Nevin & Co; 5 do do, F W Gerdes; 15 bales cotton, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 4 cases tobacco, Lindsay & McClure; 50 tcs hams, J P Hanna & Co; 5 do dried beef, Moon & Bro; 32 do hams, F Gormley.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 27.—1 car iron ore, Wood & Luken; 1 do do, Jones & Laughlin; 1 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 tc hams, J S Dilworth & Co; 62 boxes cheese, T C Jenkins; 41 do do, Graff & Reiter; 10 do do, Watt Lang & Co; 10 do do, R Robinson & Co; 11 bbls oil, C H Hall; 72 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 16 sks rags Godfrey & Clark; 50 bbls oil, D Bly; 13 bgs corn, 55 do oats, McBane & Anjer; 3 bbls eggs, 2 sks rags, 3 do dry apples, 25 boxes cheese, Voigt Mahood & Co; 210 green hides, D Chestnut & Co; 50 bdls, do Jas Callery; 12 sks hemp seed, Mackeown & Bro; 15 boxes cheese, Knox & Orr.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 2.7—1 car iron ore, Excelsior Iron Co; 1 car staves, J M Hemphill; 1 do do, Ralya & Robertson; 6 cars limestone, Superior Iron Co; 24 green hides, A & J Groetzinger; 500 pigs lead, Beymer, Bauman & Co; 4 cars wheat, R T Kennedy & Bro; 100 hides, G Wettach; 28 bdls kip skins, H & A Friend; 4 do do, C Keefer; 4 cars corn, Stewart & Langenheim; lot stoneware, Alex Ross; 2 cars iron ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 1 car lumber, Taggart & Wilson; 10 bxs starch, Hahn & Hadley; 7 pkgs chairs, Estleib & Co; 12 do do, Kremple & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., July 27.—1 car metal, H Woodsides; 5 bbls eggs, W H Carnahan; 4 do do, John Schwalm; 37 sks oats, Bingham & Laing; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 1 car stone, W J Woodwell; 1 car clay, Star Fire Buck & Co.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, July 27.—1 car tan bark, Lappe & Weise; 9 bars iron, S M Wickersham; 1 pkg tobacco, S P Shriver & Co; 29 sacks wheat, Dillinger & Stevenson; 16 rolls leather, J C Lappe.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD July 25.—1 bbl eggs, W J Steel & Bro; 7 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co.

CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR, &C.

WASHINGTON MILLS,

WASHINGTON STREET, Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:n2

MISCELLANEOUS.

POLICE NOTICE.

To the Owners of Dogs and Hogs.

The owners of DOGS are hereby notified that the ordinances prohibiting their running at large unmuzzled will be strictly enforced, and that all Dogs so suffered to run will be dealt with according to law.

All HOGS suffered to run at large will be taken up and disposed of according to the ordinances of the city.

JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

Jy24:t51

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, July 13, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all parties interested in the construction of sewers in the Middle District that the plans and specifications for the main sewer running along Montgomery avenue and through West Common, with the laterals through the Common grounds, are on file at this office and will be open for inspection until the 23d inst.

Jy14:t12 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

DRAIN PIPE.—HALL & ADAMS' SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF

DRAIN PIPE,

All sizes, from one to twenty-four inches at WELDON & KELLY'S, agents for manufacturers, 127 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

jy18

NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, on the 9th day of June last, a BAY HORSE, supposed to be about twelve years old; has a white on the point of his nose; about one-half of right hind foot is white. The owner can have him by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying charges.

HENRY SHEPLER, Jefferson Tp., Allegheny Co., Pa.

Jy17:t16

RIVER NEWS.

The Monongahela river swelled a few inches on Saturday but is again receding with about seventeen inches in channel by metal mark. Weather continues cloudy and cool, with indications of more rain; thermometer indicated 82 in the shade yesterday at noon.

Com. W. J. Kountz, who has been absent for several months attending to his fleet of steamers in the transportation of government freight between St. Louis and Fort Benton, reached his home in Alegheny City on Saturday evening. The numerous friends of the Commodore will be glad to learn that he is in excellent health, and spirits, and looks much better, physically, than when he left here last spring.

—We take the following items from the Cincinnati *Commercial* of Saturday: The G. A. Thompson, while on her way to New Orleans, Thursday evening, with two barges in tow, struck the bar at Chillom's Riffle and swung down on the rocks, knocking a hole into one of her barges, loaded with railroad iron. The hole was not discovered, and the barge, becoming full of water, sunk at Medoc Bar.....Capt. Andy Robinson, jr., is sojourning near St. Paul, Minnesota, and is perfectly captivated with the beautiful and picturesque scenery bounding the falls of Minnehaha..... The U. S. Mail Line Co. have chartered the R. R. Hudson to take the place of one of their large Louisville packets..... The New York has been chartered for the Memphis trade, during the low-wrter season, by the Memphis Packet Co. Capt. Frank Stein will have command of her.....Capt. Jas. P. Jack is in the city, stopping at the Metropolitan.....Col. Bart. G. Lieper is also here on a short visit, and is holding forth at the Broadway.....The R. C. Gray received 140 tuns of railroad iron yesterday, 40 tuns of which is from the sunken barge of the Charleston.....The Gen. Lytie, on Thursday evening, ran into a tow of barges, and sunk one of them.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Weather is cloudy and warm. River stationary with 39 inches in the canal, and 30 inches out over the New Albany bar.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Weather is clear and pleasant.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMBOAT AT AUCTION.—The steamer ECHO No. 3 will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Allegheny Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, July 29th, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., with all her tackle and outfit, in good order. Jy22:t45

SLATE.

SLATE.

THE TWIN CITY SLATE CO., manufacture a superior article of

ROOFING SLATE.

Office, 43 Seventh St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. S. NEWMEYER, Pres't.

my26:q64

HAY RAKE.

TO FARMERS.

THE HAY RAKE "WELCOME."

PATENTED 1865 AND 1867.

Is the best Rake made. It will rake heavier hay, carry it farther, load and unload itself easier than any other rake. It is self-operating; a child 8 years old can do the work of a full hand. Hundreds of certificates could be given, one of which is below:

"GIRARD, Erie Co., Pa., July 5, 1867.

"I have used the *Welcome* Hay Rake, manufactured by W. W. Wallace, Pittsburgh, Pa., and recommend it to farmers. It is good in light and heavy hay; is easy on man and horse; is a complete *gleaner of grain and stubble*; is simple in construction and easily kept in order. JOSEPH ARBUCKLE."

All orders directed to 319 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or at the works in Columbiana, Ohio, promptly attended to. Sold wholesale and retail by W. W. WALLACE.

Send orders in early, as supply is short.

my25:d&T

SHEETING AND BATTINGS.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

PROPOSALS.

FIRE ALARM

TELEGRAPH EXTENSION.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 16th, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., on FRIDAY, 24th inst. for extending the FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH into the Seventh ward, a distance of about 4,500 feet, via Spring Garden Avenue.

Also, for extending the same into the Eighth ward, a distance of about 5,000 feet, via Main street, Pine street and Bank Lane.

One half of the contract price to be paid after the lines have been thoroughly tested and approved by the Chief of the Fire Department and the Committee on Engines, the balance payable three months thereafter.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.

Jy17:t17

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, July 18th, 1868.

THE PARK COMMISSIONERS will receive proposals until SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 2 P. M., for furnishing

2,000 Cubic Yards of Flat Rubble Stone,

To be delivered along the line of walks of Common Ground.

For specifications and particulars enquire at this office.

CHAS. DAVIS, Superintending Engineer Park Improvement.

Jy21:t41

MEDICAL.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

my5:d&wT

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work: "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of six stamps, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles street, Baltimore, Md.

jy11:t41

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. B. CANFIELD..... A. T. CANFIELD.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COM- MISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils, No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh.

WATT, LANG & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,

Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

M. STEELE..... J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

JAMES B. MEANOR..... JOS. HARPER

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

329 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Consignments solicited.

REFERENCES—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics' National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co., R. T. Kennedy & Bro. ja31:l24

PETER KEIL..... JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RICHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

my24:b87

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap15:x89

ALEX. M'BANE ..... J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:n8

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City ja17:r37

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON..... A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLE- SALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. A. BUTLER,

ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

EUSTACE S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.

OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my29

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGT.

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.

Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

WILLIAM H. BARKER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, CONVEYANCER, &C.,

Office, CARSON STREET, nearly opposite the Railway Depot, SOUTH PITTSBURGH.

Business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. my1:y61

DANIEL McMEAL, M. D.,

PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

No. 59 Grant St., near High.

ap20:x71

J. S. FERGUSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 87 Fifth Street,

SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, 116 Diamond Street, (Opposite the Court House,)

fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. A. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 99 Diamond Street,

mh5:n8 PIT

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.

Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, NOS. 84 AND 86 FIFTH ST.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
One year	$8.00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week, (from carrier.)	18	Three mos	75	10 " "	1.15
				and one to Agent.	

TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1868.

National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE.

G. MORRISON COATES, of Philadelphia.
THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburgh.

District.		District.	
1.	W. H. Barnes,	13.	Samuel Snow,
2.	W. J. Pollock,	14.	B. F. Wiggonsellr.
3.	Richard Wildey,	15.	Chas. H. Miller,
4.	G. W. Hill,	16.	George W. Elder,
5.	Watson P. McGill,	17.	John Stewart,
6.	J. H. Bringhurst,	18.	A. G. Olmstead,
7.	Frank C. Heaton,	19.	James Sill,
8.	Isaac Eckert,	20.	H. C. Johnson,
9.	Morris Hooper,	21.	J. K. Ewing,
10.	David M. Rand,	22.	Wm. Frew,
11.	Wm. Davis,	23.	A. W. Crawford,
12.	W. W. Ketchum,	24.	J. S. Rutan.

STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL OF PENN'A.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL OF PENN'A.

JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS, 22D DISTRICT.
JAMES S. NEGLEY.

CONGRESS, 23D DISTRICT.
THOMAS WILLIAMS,
[Subject to the decision of the Conferees of the District.]

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
A. L. PEARSON.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
J. B. FLACK.

STATE SENATE.
JAMES L. GRAHAM.

ASSEMBLY.
GEORGE WILSON,
GEO. F. MORGAN,
JAMES TAYLOR,
M. S. HUMPHREYS,
VINCENT MILLER,
SAMUEL KERR.

CONTROLLER.
HENRY LAMBERT.

COMMISSIONER.
JONATHAN NEELY.

SURVEYOR.
H. L. McCULLY.

COUNTY HOME DIRECTOR.
J. G. MURRAY.

Headquarters Republican County Committee, City Hall, Market Street. Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page: Ephemeris, Change in Fashions. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial and River News. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household.*

GOLD closed yesterday in New York at 144⅛@144¼.

THERE are signs from Rome that the revolutionary forces are not waiting, but seeking an opportunity for a fresh outbreak.

IT IS understood that the new law regulating the postal service provides that weekly papers may be delivered free of charge to subscribers, in the counties where published.

THE action of Congress, in creating the new territory of Wyoming, is followed by a movement to establish another territory, to be called Montezuma, from portions of the present territories of Arizona and New Mexico. Gen. CASEMENT, the tracklayer of the Pacific road, is the delegate from Wyoming, having been elected as such last winter.

THE NATIONAL ORPHANS' HOMESTEAD, at Gettysburg, Pa., ought not to be confounded with the Gettysburg Asylum for Disabled Soldiers. The charter for the last named concern contained lottery privileges, and was repealed in obedience to public opinion; while the first named institution is proceeding with funds derived mainly from Sunday School contributions.

IT IS said that when SEYMOUR made speeches in this State in 1860 he was twice challenged. by the eloquent DANIEL DOUGHERTY, of Philadelphia, to a public discussion, but discretion proved the better part of his valor, and he evaded the invitation. Those who know DOUGHERTY—and who does not?—will commend the prudent silence of SEYMOUR, as they will be amused by any Copperhead efforts to depreciate the challenger.

WE acknowledge the receipt of a photograph containing likenesses of about ninety members of the Petroleum trade of this city. It is admirably executed, so that the different gentlemen are readily distinguished by all who are acquainted with them.

Another photograph was taken on Saturday last, containing one hundred and twenty likenesses. This embraces all the men who are prominent in the oil traffic at this point. A more enterprising and honorable class do not exist. It would, moreover, be difficult to assemble, in equal numbers, a finer looking body of gentlemen.

MANY of our readers, who loyally served in upholding the old flag during the war, under the command of Gen. ROSECRANS, will be gratified to learn that the President, having withdrawn his name for the Spanish Mission, nominated him, on Saturday, for the vacant Mission at Mexico, and the nomination was confirmed by the Senate yesterday. Our people have been for a long time unrepresented in the neighboring Republic, although a person, sometimes called RIO GRANDE CAMPBELL, hovered for a year or two on its borders, claiming to have some sort of commission from the President in his pocket. The post is now worthily and acceptably filled.

THE DECLINE OF ENGLISH MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.

Very recently, Great Britain boasted herself the work-shop of the world. Her fabrics in every branch of textile construction, her machinery, her simpler metallic products, her contributions, in short, to the material needs of society all over the globe, once gave her the control of every market to which she had access on equal terms, simply because British goods were the cheapest and best. The mineral wealth, in coals and metallic ores, with which a bountiful nature had endowed her, lay perhaps at the bottom of this great superstructure of manufacturing enterprise, skill and capital, which in a few generations has rapidly advanced the United Kingdom to a leading position among the producing peoples of the earth. So potent has become the influence which English manufactures have gained, not only upon foreign markets, but reacting upon the whole range of questions affecting the interior condition of the people of that Empire, that the past half century has witnessed the elevation of Productive Industry into the very highest practical rank as a social and political power, in the internal concerns of the kingdom. From the days of the first Reform-bill and of the first formidable agitation for a modification of her Corn-laws, the tendency of public affairs has been ever inclining more completely to be governed by the interests, which equally expressed the sentiments, of the middle classes of the people, and in these classes manufactures, operative production, have decisively assumed the lead.

The middle classes of the British people have little community of interest with the higher ranks of hereditary privilege. We may be amused with occasional exhibitions of that pitiable weakness of self-respect which some writers call snobbery or flunkeyism—meaning, thereby, a degraded and still more degrading sense, really often unfounded in fact, of inferiority in the presence of mere titled rank,—but, in the main, it must be admitted, of the English middle classes of the later period, that they have shown a dignified consciousness of their own great social influence and political power, and that thousands of instances may be found of Commoners who have been the architects of their own fortunes, who appreciate the potency of their class as the great spinal column of English independence and strength, and who justly consider themselves at least the peers of the proudest Dukes in the realm. But between this middle class and the masses of the people below them in wealth and influence, the connection is, however, direct and constantly maintained. No conventional but impassible barriers of caste and constitutional distinction separate any portions of the English commonalty. The humblest factory boy, the meanest navvie or the most obscure miner may legitimately aspire to wealth, with the station and influence following in its train. The meanest English subject may obtain the highest untitled distinction, simply through the force of his own natural energies, acquired skill, or that good fortune which usually results from a combination of both. The middle class, of which ARKWRIGHT, WATT, STEPHENSON, PEEL, COBDEN and BRIGHT are representatives, has been and continues to be steadily recruited from the mass of the lowlier people of England.

It is this class which, developing and swelling through two generations the tide of material prosperity in the Empire, by mining and manufactures, and with them the resulting and dependent commerce, have owed their success to the advantages of superior skill and science directing their competition with the industries of other nations of Christendom. Precisely in the proportion that British practical science and the higher type of its mechanical skill have borne to the degrees of those qualities exhibited by other peoples, in that proportion have English goods, the results of her industry, controlled the markets of the world. Until very recently, the superiority of her productions has been everywhere acknowledged, even to a very great extent in such markets as those of America and France, and British industry has been accordingly stimulated.

We now note the most decided evidences that Operative Production in Great Britain is checked, and at least standing still, if not retrograding in the competitive conflict with rival nations. The American market is measurably lost, and on the Continent of Europe she now meets the active, intelligent and successful rivalry of labor more perfectly trained, of capital more scientifically directed, and of an energy so applied in the leading lines of material production that France, Belgium, Prussia and Saxony hold their own markets, and even export largely of their fabrics into the United Kingdom. The English have inventive genius. They possess remarkable power of adaptation in availing themselves of the scientific discoveries and practical attainments of other nations. English science is never to be decried, while we remember DAVY, NEWTON, FARRADAY, and the long roll of other names, familiar to the world, which have made England illustrious in the past. Yet English manufactures are confessedly drooping; a paralysis seems to be gradually creeping over her productive industry, and Englishmen perceive with alarm that they are no longer first in all or any of the markets of the globe. The industries of the American and European continents not only dispute with them the lead which was once wholly theirs, but, in many departments of production, have entirely eclipsed British enterprise and influence. Why this is so, we shall attempt to show in another article, and hope, also, to make some deductions, from the facts and their causes, not altogether unprofitable to our readers here at home.

THE FUNDING BILL, which passed the Senate on Saturday in the form agreed upon by the Committee of Conference, passed the House yesterday. The President signed it. This bill provides for the new loans, the avails of which are to be applied to taking up and cancelling the 5-20 bonds. Both are distinctly payable in coin. The first will run thirty years, and draw interest at the rate of four and a half per cent.; while the other will run forty years, and draw interest at the rate of four per cent. No commissions are to be paid for the sale of either of these loans.

Two questions touching this matter now await practical solution.

1. Will the holders of the 5-20 bonds exchange them for either sort of these bonds? It is apparent that any shock given to the national credit, by considerations involving either its willingness or ability to meet its obligations, will affect these various classes of securities equally. Conceding that the government is able and willing ultimately to pay all its debts, then the holders of the 5-20s will naturally weigh whatever uncertainty exists as to whether they are payable in money or currency, and whether or not specie payments will be resumed before the expiration of the full term of twenty years. If the resumption of specie payments before twenty years shall seem certain, then the exchange or non-exchange will be determined mainly by a computation of which bonds will afford the largest amount of income.

2. If the holders of the 5-20s shall not see proper to take the new bonds in lieu of those they now hold, can the new loans be placed to a sufficient amount in the hands of other persons? It may well be doubted if there is a sufficient amount of capital unemployed and eager for this sort of investment to make the cancellation of the outstanding bonds, in the way proposed, altogether easy for the Treasury Department.

At all events, this will be found true, that whatever shall tend to beget mistrust as to the honorable intentions of the Government will create an indisposition to take either of the new loans.

THE DEMOCRATS of South Carolina held a State Convention, at Columbia, the other day, to ratify the nomination of SEYMOUR and BLAIR. GOV. PERRY, who had been a delegate, said that "WADE HAMPTON was the lion of the Convention." And he added:

"Hampton was courted by all parties. North, South, East and West, and when, as a member of the Committee on Platform, he submitted that section which declares the reconstruction acts void and revolutionary, the rest of the Committee told him to make it as strong as he pleased, they would endorse it."

Does it gratify the Democracy of Pennsylvania to be thus assured, upon indisputable testimony, that the party has officially committed the statement of its national principles to an unreconstructed and defiant rebel like WADE HAMPTON? What a nice expounder of Democracy was this man, who, on his way homeward through Baltimore, thanked the Maryland rebels for their aid during the war! He was a pretty man, to demand, in the name of a Democratic Convention, the "immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution!" What an admirable High-Priest of Democracy, to declare the legislation of Congress revolutionary and void! With a WADE HAMPTON ticket and platform for the Presidency, and with the miscegenating, hybrid combination which represents their county politics, the Democracy of Allegheny must feel proud of a party which gives them these rebels, ex-Know-Nothings and renegade Republicans to vote for, upon a platform of secession and the lost cause restored. Never, in our political history, has the unwitting confidence of a party been so abused and outraged by its leaders, as are the Democracy of the North, this year.

THE New York Democratic Empire Club had a very refreshing season a few evenings since. After speeches by an ex-rebel General from Mississippi and a North Carolina preacher, who proved to the clear satisfaction of the Club that the negro was not physically capable of being a man or a brother, and was therefore unfit to be made a citizen, HENRY GWINN, of Georgia, next took the stand and pronounced a high eulogy upon Democracy. This was not only well enough, but it was all the better for the fact that GWINN was himself a negro, dark as the ace of spades. Couldn't the Democratic Committee of Allegheny get him to come here and make speeches for their miscegenation ticket? He could advocate a white man's government and would draw fine audiences, especially if supported by addresses from WADE HAMPTON and FORREST on the duty of loyalty to the old flag, and from their candidate for the State Senate on Know Nothing dark-lanterns, "the Papists," and political consistency generally.

PRINCIPLES are of no consequence, said the New York *World* on the morning when the Democratic Convention met. "If we carry the election, it makes little difference on what platform, or with what candidates." Evidently, this has been the ruling idea of the party everywhere. The New York platform is in consonance with that idea, and, as for candidates, the party swallows renegade Republicans or unreconstructed rebels, "LINCOLN'S hirelings," or the extinguished dark-lanterns of Know Nothingism, with equal alacrity. Nevertheless, it might be rather a dangerous experiment for a miscegenation candidate in Allegheny county to rehearse his old Know Nothing oath of hostility to foreigners before a Democratic audience. The question is, how many of our foreign-born citizens, especially the Irish and Germans, intend to support the ex-Know-Nothing Miscegenation ticket?

NO MAN has said a more sensible word than was written by LIEBMAN ADLER, himself a Jew, to the Illinois *Staats Zeitung*, the other day. Hear him:

"But I am far from holding Grant as an enemy of the Jews. To-day no educated man is an enemy of the Jews."

It would be difficult to embody, in a few words, more of good, solid common sense, than Dr. ADLER here utters.

The Amazons of Paraguay.

Apropos of the Amazons of South America, it really appears that an army of the women of Paraguay has been enrolled for service by Lopez. Brigadier Eliza Lynch commands the main body, and her right wing rests on the road to Villa Rica under Mrs. Captain Hersero. Tebiquary is held against the allies by Mrs. Lieut. Col. Margaret Fereia. The rifle-green uniform of the lady officers is declared to be becoming and worn with grace and self-possession. The figure and extremities are well described by the spencer and bloomers, and some of the lady officers are types of beauty. Mrs. Lynch, from her name would seem to be Anglo-Saxon, but is, on the contrary, a handsome Spanish brunette, dark in feature, of mysterious origin and a thorough *militaire*, who has fought several duels and wields an iron sway over her command. There are blondes too amongst the officers of the Amazons of Lopez. One is described who holds four male prisoners, something as the Corsair in the good old days retained from a captured and murdered crew the Western females as his slaves. She is a slight, playful-faced *blonde* with large blue eyes, square white teeth and back hair in braids like an English Mary. She has battled for two years, has been wounded, always distinguished herself, and is twenty-three. In the army she is called a German; but her natty feet and small hands and her command of the Spanish, English and French languages, likewise reported of her, smack of Gallic birth and the convents of France. She has been known to have six captives in her house at once, treated like war prisoners of rank, dining at her table, etc. These prisoners are those she selected after her forays as being of mien and bearing worthy of her hospitality. Other lady officers are like her in this respect, reversing the order of the Oriental rover and his odalisques, and few of them of the higher rank are natives of the country. Americans, French and Germans some are known to be, and so popular is the rank and file that relays of girls are constantly arriving at headquarters from the provinces. The males are absorbed in defending Humatia, Timbo, Villa Rica and the fortifications at Iambare. There is no exageration, says the *Standard*, of Buenos Ayeres, in the fact that Lopez had commenced recruiting women, though the writer cannot state the exact number of them under arms. But for years a great deal of camp work has been done in Paraguay by the female sex. The trenches about Humaita were all made and shoveled by them, as was many an invading soldier's grave. The steamers in the port of Asuncion have been entirely discharged and laden by the mothers and wives of soldiers, and many of the rank and file under Commander Eliza Lynch having lost male relatives, fortune and home by the war, now give all that is left—their lives.

The Fearful Famine in Finland.

Mr. Campbell, British Consul in Finland, gives the following account of the famine in that region:

"Never, perhaps, within the memory of the present generation, has the Grand Duchy of Finland experienced such a disastrous year as the one lately closed. In the northern districts of the country the crops have more or less failed for ten successive years, but the appearance of the fields in the month of July and August last led the least sanguine to hope that the harvest of 1867 would be rich and abundant. The hope, however, was but short-lived, for in the beginning of September, one night's frost blackened all the crops and plunged the whole country into misery, famine and despair. To add to the distress, that dreadful malady, the 'famine typhus,' soon made its appearance, and for the last six months has been making fearful ravages amongst the starving thousands. No district from the north of Finland to the south has escaped it, and at this moment, even in Helsingfors, it is carrying off hundreds of both rich and poor. It is stated on authority that during the past winter one-tenth of the population of Finland have fallen victims to this epidemic. Russia has certainly done much to relieve the poor Fins. Finland itself has done its utmost, and the English people, ever foremost to lend a helping hand where misery and distress prevail, have sent considerable sums of money for distribution in the various provinces; but with all this the sufferings are unparalled. The bread given to support life is composed of pea straw combined with Iceland moss and a small proportion of flour. Some is also made from the root of the 'butomus umbellatus,' without any mixture of flour, which has been tried with great success. As a last resource they are actually baking and distributing bread consisting of two parts clay and one part flour."

The British Museum.

The London *Telegraph* urges that speedy and vigorous steps must be taken to relieve the British Museum from the state of plethora in which it has so long been; but deprecates either the partition of its contents with South Kensington, their dispersion elsewhere, or the bodily removal of the whole collection to some new site. The building itself, although gloomy in appearance, is not ugly; and so aimply massive are its proportions, that it would easily and considerably be improved by enlargement, either in the rear or laterally. There is no reason, if the Duke of Bedford is "agreeable," and terms can be come to with the leaseholders, why block after block of mean and shabby houses to the right and left of the Museum should not be absorbed in new Græco-Icnie constructions, and where a crossing occurred between the blocks, a handsomely arched bridge could be thrown across the street, similar to those which connect the Union with the Pitti Gallery at Florence, and the Winter Palace with the Hermitage at St. Petersburg. But, as regards locality, the British Museum happens to be precisely where such an institution should with the greatest propriety be situated. It is midway between the city and the West end, and in the very heart of middle-class and professional London. In the Southern suburb it would degenerate into a quiet haunt for a few *dilettanti*, and of recreation for a floating population of lounging young ladies and gentlemen, children and nurserymaids.

THE Atlanta *New Era* thus felicitates its readers upon the ratification of the Amendment and the restoration of Georgia to the Union:

By this vote Georgia emphatically pledges herself to the permanent integrity of the Union, and the sacredness of the public debt. By it the policy of the Union men of the State is endorsed, and that of the opposition condemned. Thus, once more, the people resume their rightful sway, and reject the leadership of extremists who would lead them to irretrievable ruin.

Restored to the Union, Georgia may hope for influx of capital, increase of population and production, the development of her resources and largely augmented facilities for communication with different portions of her own territory, and with her neighbors and the world. A new impulse will be imparted to business and to industries of all kinds, and her progress will be grandly impressive and her influence wide-spread.

As Georgians then, desiring the utmost prosperity of the State, let us all unite, burying and forgetting the past, irrespective of party, in honest and energetic efforts to advance her to the front rank in agriculture, mechanics, and manufactures.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—A severe shock of an earthquake was felt at Visalia, California, on Saturday.

—Graham's pork packing establishment, at Chicago, was destroyed by fire on Friday last. Loss $15,000.

—Henry Röeg, a well-known confectioner, drowned himself in the harbor at Buffalo on Saturday. No cause is assigned for the act.

—It is reported from Shanghai that the crew of the American vessel General Sherman, wrecked in Chinese waters, were beheaded by the natives when they landed.

—Telegrams from Madrid say the Spanish Government will make St. John and Porto Rico a free port if the British West India Mail Company's ships call there instead of St. Thomas, as at present.

—Samuel Nicholson, a Philadelphia dry goods merchant, is missing, and is supposed to have been murdered. In a boat, in which he had started to visit the Falls of the Schuylkill, were found his hat, coat and vest.

—At Burlington, Vermont. Thursday, the steamer United States collided with the schooner Wright, loaded with stone. The owner of the schooner, Charles Blair, was killed outright, and Cyril Urner, one of the crew, drowned.

—A letter from the City of Mexico says: A leading paper here has a leading article intimating that a coalition of European powers with the United States is being discussed, the aim of which will be to divide up Mexico and sell it out to the American government.

—The roof of the Lowell (Mass.) machine shop, a brick building four stories nigh and four hundred feet long, was destroyed by fire Friday night last. Considerable damage was done to the machinery. Loss $100,000. One thousand men are temporarily thrown out of employment.

—An Omaha dispatch states Generals Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and party on Saturday were at a point seven hundred miles west of that city, *en route* for the "end of track." The party is accompanied by T. C. Durant, Vice President, and other officers of the Union Pacific Railroad, Omaha Division.

Washington Topics and Gossip.

On the last day of the session of Congress large numbers of persons are generally present. This has, however, has been an exception, and when Congress assembled but few spectators were present. The Senate assembled Sunday night at half-past seven o'clock, and remained in session until after two o'clock Monday morning, and before adjourning disposed of all the Indian treaties made by the Indian Peace Commissioners, comprising eight in number.

At midnight it commenced raining, and has steadily continued since that hour with no prospect of its ceasing. Fears are entertained that the surrounding country will be flooded, and great damage done to property.

Dispatches received from Savannah, Georgia, say that Jefferson Davis will soon sail for Europe, to be gone several months, and that he will be represented in the coming trial by his counsel. This would seem to indicate that he has fears of being convicted, and by going to Europe hopes to ascape punishment, or that he looks upon his trial as a mere farce, and not worthy of serious attention.

News from Georgia announcing that Ex-Governor Brown will probably be elected United States Senator by the Republicans of that State, is far from being satisfactory to the leading Republicans, and it is probable that pressure will be brought to bear upon the Georgia Legislature to elect one who was not an original seeessionist.

The Senate met at half past nine, with but few members present for the first half hour. President Johnson was on hand in the President's room, attended by Secretaries Seward, Randall, McCulloch, Evarts, &c., of his Cabinet, desiring to facilitate business if possible, so as to obviate the necessity for convening the Senate in extra session by sending in fresh nominations in place of any which might be rejected. Commissioner Rollins and various other functionaries were also on hand, as were the usual crowd of lobbyists. Business was generally of an unimportant character, most of the principal measures having already been disposed of.

The President signed the Funding bill before both Houses adjourned.

Nelson Tifft, of Georgia, having just arrived, was sworn in as a member of the House five minutes before the hour for adjournment arrived.

The copper tariff bill remained before the House, and General Banks, by continued resort to the most ingenious parliamentary tactics, having just enough followers to keep calling ayes and noes, delayed it until the roll having been called partly through, on final passage, the hour of twelve o'clock arrived, and the Speaker suspended the proceeding and announced that in accordance with the concurrent resolution of the two Houses the hour had now arrived to take a recess until Monday, September 21st.

The Senate, while in Executive session before adjourning, confirmed a large number of unimportant nominations, and also the following: W. S. Rosecrans, Minister to Mexico; T. L. Dickey, Assistant Attorney General; C. P. Heywood, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Missouri; S. P. McCurdy, Chief Justice of Utah Territory.

The public debt statement to be issued next Saturday will show an increase of nearly three millions on the debt, owing to the large gold interest paid out this month and the decrease in the receipts of internal revenue.

National Temperance Convention.

The Cleveland *Leader* says: On Wednesday morning the National Temperance Convention will commence its session in the Stone Church. It is called by the National Temperance Society, of which Hon. William E. Dodge is President. This organization is emphatically national. It is made up of members from all parts of the United States, representing all denominations and all political parties. It is not a secret society, like the Sons of Temperance, the Good Templars, the Sons of Washington or the Temple of Honor, but it reaches above and beyond all these. The Convention will be composed of as many delegates as choose to come from the National Society, from the different churches and from the various temperance organigations.

The sessions will extend over several days. During the Convention the following subjects are to be discussed:

The Temperance Reform in America, Open and Close Organizations, The Church and Temperance Societies, The Ballot for Temperance, The Temperance Education of Youth, Temperance Literature, Inebriate Asylums, Native Wines, Prohibition, and numerous other kindred topics will be brought up.

Grant Club in Uniontown.

UNIONTOWN, PA., July 27, 1868.

EDITORS GAZETTE: A large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held at the opening of the "Grant Club" in this place, on Saturday, July 25th. Speeches were delivered by Hon. Andrew Stewart, Hon. J. K. Ewing and John Collins, Esq. The Democracy manifest but little interest in the approaching election. They know and feel that the contest is useless; that Seymour does not stand the shadow of a chance in a contest with that sterling pat, riot and soldier, General Grant. The Republican party is organizing; it has awoke from its long slumber to realize the necessity of immediate action. "Grant Clubs" are forming in every township. The party is confident of success, and next November the Democratic majority of this county will sustain a very sensible diminution.

RAPPAHANNOCK, JR.

An Appeal to German Citizens.

The German Republican Club, of New York, of which Dr. A. Jacobi is President, has put forth an address to the Germans of that State, in which the issue of the campaign is thus distinctly stated:

Shall peace be secured to the Republic, according to the words of General Grant, by wisely husbanding the results which events have produced? Shall the daily life of the citizen and the pursuits of business take up again their undisturbed course? Shall the honor and credit of the Union be preserved? Or, on the other hand, and in accordance with the programme of the Democratic party, as laid down by their candidate for the Vice Presidency, shall a new civil war be kindled, in order that all things now existing and auspiciously regulating themselves may be plunged into interminable chaos, to the end that the defeated enemies of the Union, and their allies, the crafty demagogues of the Democratic party, may again have an opportunity to domineer over and plunder the country? Shall the faith pledged by the Republic to its creditors be broken, and thus the finances and business of the country be engulphed in ruin and desolation? This is the alternative to which in the last analysis everything that is said or done in the present strife of opinions and purposes reduces itself. Strip the kernel off the coverings in which sophistry has disguised it and you will find the naked question to be simply this: Shall peace and prosperity come to the Republic from the election of November next, or reaction and a new civil war? Can there be any doubt for a moment as to what every citizen who seeks the welfare of the country should do? Whatever differences of opinion there may be upon matters of detail, no honest or thoughtful citizen can desire the complete overthrow of the present state of things; in other words, a second rebellion. The Grant and Colfax Campaign Club of the city and county of New York, animated by the views above expressed, and full of confidence, turns to all the German-Americans of the State with the summons: "Look and examine for yourself, and decide for the good of the Republic."

—The following honorary degrees were conferred at the close of the Yale University commencement exercises: Doctor of Laws, Charles J. McCurdy, of Lydlee, Connecticut; Charles J. Stille, of Pennsylvania; Joseph White, of Massachusetts. Doctor of Divinity, S. Everett Griggs, of Bristol, Connecticut; Samuel G. Buckeugh, of Springfield, Massachusetts. Master of Aars, George Brinley, of Hartford, Connecticut; Elisha Carpenter, of Webersfield, Connecticut; C. A. Logan, of Leavenworth, Kansas; Isaac H. Bromly, of Hartford, Connecticut; George W. Trow, of New York; D. B. St. John, of Roosa, New York.

—Some weeks since a man named Williams, who during the war deserted the Federal army, together with another man named Bibb, escaped from the Jacinto, Miss., jail. The next morning the body of Bibb was found horribly mangled. A few days ago Williams was arrested by a party of United States soldiers, near Eastport, and brought back to Jacinto jail, where the clothes he wore were identified as Bibb's. Being accused of the murder of Bibb, he confessed it. Wednesday night a masked body of men went to the jail, took him out and hung him.

—Advices from Fort Reno say that on the 19th while nine soldiers were hunting stray cattle they came upon a few hostile Indians and a skirmish ensued. The Indians retreated a short distance and were reinforced. Major Clark, with thirty cavalry, came up with a howitzer and fired on the Indians, who responded and fell back, when, being again reinforced, they made a stand and drove the soldiers back, killing one and wounding one.

IS YOUR DISEASE RHEUMATISM?

Many persons, supposing they are suffering from this disease, have applied Liniments, Plasters and other Rheumatic Remedies without obtaining any relief, when in fact the cause of pain is a derangement of the Kidneys. These are small organs, but very important, and any obstruction or interference with its functions are indicated by pain in the back and loins, languor and weakness, difficulty in avoiding and unnatural color of the urine. A Diuretic should t once be resorted to.

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Can be relied on for these purposes; they have a direct influence on the cells of the kidneys, assists nature in relieving them of any foreign particles, and stimulates them to a healthy and vigorous action.

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Contain nothing injurious, being composed of entirely vegetable remedies; they do not sicken nor gripe—on the contrary they act as a gentle tonic and restores tone to the system, They are recommended by all who who have tried them.

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There are fifty ways of alleviating the agonies of dyspepsia for the moment; but there is only one way to CURE it. After "swinging round the circle" of temporary palliatives the patient finds that the disease, so far from being subdued, has actually gathered strength, while he has been parleying with its symptoms.

The only way to get rid of the demon is to endow the stomach with sufficient strength to *cast it out and keep it out.* Impart permanent energy to the digestive organs with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, and the object is accomplished. This powerful vegetable remedy is not a mere stimulant. It does not brace up the gastric machinery for an hour or two, leaving it, when the temporary excitement has passed off, in a worse state than before. Such is the effect of the ordinary alcoholic nostrums. They keep the stomach in a perpetual see-saw between unnatural activity and utter relaxation. Not so the BITTERS. Medicated with the finest tonic, alterative and anti bilious extracts, they permanently reinforce and continuously regulate the assimilating organs. Such is the experience of tens of thousands. At this debilitating season of the year, when the solvent principle of the gastric juice is weakened by a constant drain of the animal fluids through the pores, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is an article of prime necessity for the weak. To neglect the use of a tonic and alterative, so wonderfully efficacious and entirely harmless is simply to forego the blessing of health and vigor, and voluntarily accept feebleness and discomfort in their stead.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone," on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten it on my lungs. I knew that the peculair mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to the discharge, which I believed was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition of the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, [illegible]

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June 17th, 1868.

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Agents for GIFFARD'S PETENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. jal1:r52

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

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Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

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Flooring,	Doors.
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STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
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GET THE BEST.

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Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
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ap6:n94

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ap9:o22

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The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. Its workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $500 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Pianos.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

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SECOND HAND MELODEONS AND ORGANS,

In perfect order, from $35 to $150.

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Bought on the most favorable terms. Sells LETTERS OF CREDIT and DRAFTS available in any part of Europe.

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BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

7-30's CONVERTED

INTO THE

NEW 5-20 COUPON BOND.

☞ **Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

☞ MONED LOANED ON GOVERNMENT BONDS, and other approved collateral, at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 27, 1868.

Government bonds advanced to-day about ¼ per cent., in sympathy with the rise in gold. There is still an increasing investment demand, limited, however, to small amounts and trust funds. The last bank statement of New York city is unfavorable to a further rise of bonds, although gold may advance. It is only the old (foreign) bonds that practically move up and down with either the rise and fall of gold, or follow the movements of the bond market in Frankfort and London. The inactivity of business, however, this season may keep up a steady demand for bonds, and thus prevent a rapid decline when money is withdrawn from the east for moving the products of the west. If Congress would adjourn without interfering with the mode of paying of bonds before they are due, much idle capital would be used in the purchase of bonds, and thus prevent a decline which would otherwise be inevitable.

The gold market stiffed to-day to 144⅛, with a strong upward tendency. The continued heavy exports of coin points towards higher quotations for gold before cotton shipments can be made.

Stocks were firm, falling at noon, but closing strong and higher, with an advance of about ½ to ¾ per cent. The dullness of business draws many a man to Wall street and speculating of all sorts; so stock may rule higher than anybody expected. Cleveland & Pittsburgh, New York Central, Erie, Fort Wayne and the Wabash shares were higher, but the North Western shares are dopreesed. Express stocks are improving.

Money is in full supply, but no change in business.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 143⅞; 1881 bonds, 115½; 5-20s, 1862, 114¼; 1864 do, 111⅝; 1865 do, 112⅝; new, 1865 and 1867, 109⅛; Ten Forties, 108¼; Seven Thirties, 108⅞.

New York Central, 135; Erie, 68⅝; Michigan Southern, 91⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 89¼; Northwestern, common, 82½; Preferred, 82¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 108; Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne, 110⅜; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 30¼; Merchants Union Express, 24½; Western Union Telegraph, 35¼; Corydon, 30; Quicksilver, 23⅝; Quartz Hill, 1,15.

TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY.—We learn from private sources that the well which the Company has put down on lot No. 175, is producing about 100 barrels of oil per day. Two other wells are being bored by the Company on favorite oil territory, which will be tested during the month of August. If these shall also prove successful, the product of the Company's own wells added to the royalty it receives from its lessees will render it one of the most prosperous in the oil regions.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold, 144¼; U. S. 6's, 1881's, 115½; 5-20's, 1862, 114¼; 5-20's, 1864, 111⅝; 5-20's, 1865, 112⅝; 10-40's, 108⅜; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 109¼; 5-20's, January and July, '67 109⅛; June 7-30's, 108⅞; July 7-30's, 109⅛; May Comp., 1865, 119,-30.

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 27, 1868.

CATTLE.

There was again a full supply of Cattle on sale to-day, and while there were but few left over unsold, the market was a little slow, and prices ruled lower than last week. The quality of the Cattle was much below the average of the past six months; indeed, for the number, there were fewer good cattle than we have seen this year, and butchers, especially those who are called "first-class," experienced great difficulty in getting the kind of stock suitable for their custom. As we have already remarked, however, prices, compared with last week, ruled lower; then we had sales of prime cattle reported at 8c, while to-day, 7¾c is the highest figure we have reported. We presume that extra, had there have been any such on sale, would have brought eight cents, but this cannot be taken as a fair criterion of the market, and we would say to our friends in the country that they must not come here expecting to realize that figure unless they bring very fine fat stock. Prime, fat retailing cattle sold today at from 7½ to 7¾, and medium do at 6½ to 7. Stock cattle range from 3½ to 5¼, according to quality and condition.

We suppose, that taking the whole number of Cattle sold, the average price would not run much above 5½ or 6c. Prime Cattle ruled from a ¼ to ⅜ lower than last week, and it is probable that there was a still greater difference on the common grades. The majority of the cattle on sale were from Ohio and Pennsylvania, with a fair number from Indiana and Illinois. We quote the following sales:

C. A. Thayer sold 23 head bulls to L. Shamberg at 3,50, and 17 head fairish Western Reserve steers and heifers to Moses & Co. at 5,50.

W. C. Thrasher sold 20 head Western Reserve bulls to L. Shamberg at 3,50.

Stootz & Co. wholesaled 17 head fairish Logan county (Ohio) cattle to Moses & Co. at 6¼.

Fairall to Rambo 15 head good Indiana heifers and steers at 6.

Turner & Reed to Greenwald & Kahn 21 head from Columbiana county (Ohio) at 5,81.

Greenwald & Kahn sold 22 head to Rambo at 6,75; 22 to Hatzburg at 6,25, and retailed 30 Ohio stock at 5,50 to 7,50.

Hazlewood & Blackstock sold 22 head of Belmont county, Ohio, stock for Shomaker & Horner at 5,50 to 7,50.

Lobman & Zeigler wholesaled 19 head of nice, smooth Green county steers to Moses & Co. at 6,15—averaged 1000 lbs; the same firm retailed 11 head.

L. & J. Shamberg sold 6 head of Washington county steers, averaging 1,500. to Moses & Co. at 7,75; same to same, 9 from same place, averaging 1000, at 6¼.

Johnathan Davis sold 10 head heifers at 5⅝, and 22 steers at 6¼.

Beeler sold 6 head Butler county steers at $40 per head.

Fowler & Co. 10 head Lawrence county stock at 4 to 5.

Peter Hartman 20 head Green county steers and heifers at 4 to 7.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 60 head mixed stock at 4 to 6.

S. Marks & Bro. 64 head Illinois and Ohio stock at 6 to 7,50.

S. Traurman 40 head Illinois and Pennasylvania stock at 5 to 7,75.

L. & J. Shamberg retailed 11 head Washington county stock at 5,25 to 6,25.

Myers & Needy 75 head Licking county (Ohio) cattle at 5⅝ to 7,75.

Butler sold 5 head Beaver county stock at 4,50 to 6,40.

Gorman sold 9 head of Lawrence county steers at $30 to $45 per head.

L. Rothchilds reports having retailed 27 head mixed Ohio stock at 6 to 7,50.

Kraus & Haas 33 head at 5,75 to 7,75.

M. Verner sold 19 head cows and steers at 5 to 7.

Jas. McAllister sold 23 head of Western Reserve cows and heifers for L. Taylor at 5½ to 6.

Keefer reports 18 head Washington county steers at 5 to 6,25.

Lobman & Zeigler bought 9 head Green county stock at 5,40.

Nicholas Carr sold 20 head for Morgan & Mulholm at 5,25 to 7,50.

Dolan & Co. reports having sold 20 head Chicago stock at 5 to 5,25—very common.

Hedges & Taylor sold 32 head for Middleworth at 6,75; 36 for Scott at 6,50 to 7,50; 22 head cows and heifers for Timmons at 6½; 19 for Dunlap at 5 to 6¼, and wholesaled 20 head cows and steers for Clark to Verner at $55 per head.

The whole number of cattle reported sold aggregated 864 head, and as there were several lots of "tail-ends" unsold, we have no doubt that there were over 900 head on sale. Had it not been for an unusually large number of eastern buyers, the market would doubtless have been the hardest one of the season.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The number of Sheep on sale to-day, was considerably larger than last week, though the supply, particularly of good fat Sheep was very light, and as a consequence, prices for this particular kind, if anything ruled even higher than last week. We are cognizant of some very fine fat Sheep having been sold at 6 cts gross, which is tho highest figure we had reported for some weeks. Lambs may be quoted at $1 to 3.25 per head.

Stakely & Bro. sold in all 200 head, at $1,50 to $2,50 per head for Lambs and $1,50 to $4 for Sheep.

Fowler & Co. had in all 300; Sheep sold at $1,50 to $3,75 per head, and Lambs at 50 cts to $3,25.

Jacob Rynn sold for Clark, 105 head of Sheep at $1,75 to $2,75 per head.

Emery 60 head of Sheep at $1,75 to $4,75 per head; and 40 Lambs at $1,25 to $1,75.

M Humes 70 head from Beaver Co.; sold at $1.50 to $3 per head; and Lambs at $1,50 to $2,50.

Adam Eckert, sold 38 head of "tail ends" out of a drove of 145, owned by Sargeant at $1,40 to $1,90 per head.

John McAllister, sold 20 head of Lambs, for Robinson at $2.25 to $2,85.

Bannon sold 88 head for Allen; Sheep at $2,75 to $4,50 and Lambs at $1,75.

Wm. Adams had a drove of Allegheny Co. Sheep on sale, the best of which brought 6 cts per pound.

HOGS.

There is no material improvement to note in the retail demand for Hogs as yet, though as the weather begins to get cooler, fresh pork will be more inquired for. We continue to quote in a retail way at 9 to 10,50.

Postelwait wholesaled 47 head to Emerick & Co. at 9 cts.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July, 27, 1868.

There is evidently more life and bouyanoy in the tone of the general markets, though the volume of business in the aggregate continues light. Once commercial matters assume a more settled aspect, and the result in regard to the harvest has been pretty generally developed, we look for a decided improvement in business, and this is the opinion of business men more generally.

BUTTER—Is steady with a demand fully up to the supply, and prices are well sustained, ranging from 28 to 30.

EGGS—Continue rather dull; quoted generally at 21c,

CHEESE—Is quiet and unchanged at 13 to 14 for Western Reserve and Hamburg, 15 to 16 for Ohio Factory, and 18 to 20 for Sweitzer.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is in steady demand at 13¾ to 13¾c for Shoulders; 16c to 16¼ for Ribbed, and 18 to 18¼ for Clear Sides, and 20½ to 21c for Sugar Cured Hams. Sale of 15 hhds Ribbed Sides, to go to Baltimore, at 16¼, delivered there. Lard, is quoted firm at 18¼ to 18½c. Mess Pork, $28,50 to $29. Dried Beef, 21 to 21½c.

LARD OIL—Is firm but unchanged at $1,15 for No. 2, and $1,40 for No. 1.

GREEN APPLES—Are in good supply, though mostly of on inferior quality; we now quote at $4 to $4,50 and $5 per bbl.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is nominal at $2—none in market. No movement in Clover or Timothy Seeds.

ASHES—Sales common Soda Ash at 4½; Refined do 5c. Pearl Ash is still quoted at 10c.

PIG LEAD—Sales at 10¼c.

LIME—Sales at $2 per bbl.

GRAIN—There are no new features in regard to the Wheat market worthy of special notice, and we continue to quote prime Red at $2 to $2,25, for both new and old. Oats market somewhat excited, under the influence of diminished arrivals and a light supply; we have sales reported on track at 82 to 83c, and some holders are asking 85c. Rye is nominal at $1,40 to $1,45. Corn is quoted at $1,05 for mixed, and $1,09 to $1,10 for prime Yellow.

SALT—Is dull and nominally unchanged at $1,75 to $1,80 to the trade, and $2 for small lots in store.

MILL FEED—Is steady with regular jobbing sales in store, at $1,90 to $2 for middlings and $1,15 to $1,20 for bran.

POTATOES—In steady demand and unchanged at $1,75 to $2 per bushel.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged, in all respects. We continue to quote at $10 to $10,50 for good to choice Spring, and $11 for choice Minnesota: $10,75 to $11,50 for Winter Wheat, and $13 to $14 for fancy St. Louis brands. Rye Flour, $8,50 to $8,75.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Road Making.

The *New England Farmer* talks in the following style to New Englanders. Many of the suggestions are applicable in this region:

"Building and maintaining roads are among the heavy burdens borne by taxpayers in all our towns, and as everybody uses roads, we all have a deep interest in having them well and economically constructed and repaired. How to have good roads at least cost is the great problem to be solved. Any person who considers the subject will perceive that it is one which involves much science as well as practical experience, especially in a broken, uneven country like New England, where, within every mile are found hills, valleys, rocks and swamps. *Where* to build a highway, and *how* to build it, are both important questions; but we propose not to attempt to consider either of these questions at present, but to confine ourselves to what is as important, if not more so—how to repair and maintain roads already built.

"Like the minister who announced that he had divided his discourse into fifty heads, but for the sake of brevity should omit all but five of them, we shall content ourselves with touching upon the three principal defects in our common roads, and the remedy. The first and great defect in our highways is want of drainage.

Wherever a road is permanently wet, either at top or bottom, we have deep ruts and consequently heavy traveling; and these wet places are usually, especially in spring and autum, the hard places for teams. The first requirement for a good road is a firm foundation, and a wet foundation can never be a firm one. It is not enough that the water should be taken off the surface, but it must be drawn out, to the depth of three or four feet, or the water will work upward, and the hoofs of animals and the wheels will work downward, and the deep ruts will surely be formed. Drainage is itself an art not very well understood, even as applied to common fields and meadows, and a little practical experience will often save half the expense of a drainage operation. The common error in repairing wet places in roads is in attempting to cover up the water by hauling on gravel instead of removing the water—thus doctoring the symptoms instead of the disease. It is comparatively an endless task to fill up a road or meadow three or four feet instead of draining it to that depth. We have not space in which to speak of the details of draining highways. We only desire to call attention to it as an operation much needed and much neglected, and as requiring more skill than ordinary surveyors and selectmen can be expected to possess. The second great defect of our highways is too great convexity.

The common and natural first impression is, that the greater the convexity, or, in other words, the rounder the surface of the travelled path, the drier it will be. This is one of the greatest errors of inexperienced road makers. There are many published treatises upon this subject, both in this country and England, and there is no one of them that does not speak of this as the common defect.

If a road is round a carriage can only be level when it is exactly on the centre of it. If one wheel is on the centre, the other is lower, the weight of the load is thrown on the lower wheel, the friction upon the nut of one and the shoulder of the other is greatly increased and the draught is much heavier, not to mention the danger of upsetting. But this is not all. To avoid these difficulties, every traveller keeps in the centre, except when obliged to turn out for another, and thus by the wear of the wheels in the same track ruts are soon worn which retain the water, and grow constantly worse till repairs are made.

A moment's reflection will satisfy any one that no amount of convexity can empty these ruts of water, even when they are but one inch deep. A very slight fall in the length of the road will carry the water along the ruts till it finds an outlet.

If, now, instead of being round, the roadway be nearly flat, carriages may travel on any part of it, passing each other without difficulty, no deep ruts will be worn, and a very slight fall will carry off the water into side ditches, which should always be kept open deep enough to roughly to drain the road.

One of the best authorities on road-building has said that he cares nothing about what is the foundation of a road, so that it be dry and properly covered with surface material. For common country roads, any soil or sand, if well drained, is a sufficient foundation, if there be one foot of good gravel or stone at the top. Stones of various sizes, as usually picked up, should never be put into a road. They have a constant tendency to work upward, especially under the action of frost. Good coarse screened gravel is excellent, where obtainable. It is essential that it be screened, otherwise it will wear unequally, the larger stones washing to the surface and lying loose upon it. Where good gravel cannot be obtained, stone broken by a machine, to the size of common macadamizing stone, is the best substitute.

Since so much skill is required to maintain good roads, the first step towards improvement is to abolish the whole system of working out taxes and of district surveyors, and to employ a town agent whose position shall be permanent, and who shall make it his constant and only business to maintain the roads of the town in good condition. Let the town own oxen or horses, carts and other implements, and let the agent employ, by the month or day, the necessary help. This plan is in operation in Waltham and Brookline, and other towns, and it is found that the roads are greatly improved, and the cost is much diminished under this system. Let any of our readers ask himself what course he would adopt if he were obliged to keep in repair all the roads in his town. Would he go to a town meeting and ask the voters to elect a surveyor for each district each year? or would he select an active, judicious agent, who should give his constant attention to the business? Would he let every man who chose work on the road, at the highest day labor prices, or would he select a few hands best adapted to the work?

Haying.

Alas, for the poetry of farming! All the songs of milk maids must be now listened for in the old English poets. The whetting of the mower's scythe is almost over—quite over—on my farm. Instead of that, one hears the sharp rattle of the mower, and sees the driving man quite at his ease riding round and round the meadows, for all the world as if he was out airing! Whereas, heretofore, two acres would be counted a large day's work, now, ten and twelve are easily accomplished!

Nor is the contrast less remarkable in all the after work. When I was a boy I was placed in line, with all the men that could be mustered, to shake out the hay with forks; and after a few hours all hands were called to go over the ground and turn it. To do this rapidly, and yet so the bottom side shall really come to the top, was no small knack. Now, a tedder, with one man riding, will literally do the work of ten men, and do it far better than the most expert can. Have you ever seen a tedder? I have now a perfect one. The grass rolls up behind it and foams, I was going to say, like water behind the wheels of a steamer. The grass leaps up and whirls as if it were amazingly tickled with such dealings. The result is, that unless the grass is very heavy, and the weather very bad, you may cut your hay in the morning and get it into your barn before night, in far better condition than it used to be when it required never less than two, and generally a part of three days to cure it.

The only thing that remains to be made easy is pitching on and off the load. It is true that horseforks have been invented, but I have not seen any that did their work well; and in my barn, at any rate, the old work of pitching and mowing remains; and if you wished to know what fun is, get on the mow, under the slate roof of my barn, on a hot day, and let Tim pitch off hay, as he will if I give him the wink. You will have to step lively, and even then, you will often be seen emerging from heaps of hay thrown over you, like a rat from a bunch of oakum. And then it is so pleasant, when a man is all a-sweat, to have his shirt all filled with hay seed, each particular particle of which makes you believe that it is a flea, and wiggles and tickles upon every square inch of your skin, until you are half desperate!

It is the 2d of July and my grass is all cut, and the last load is rolling into the barn while I write. How sweet it smells! How jolly the children are that have been mounted on top of the load; and their little scarlet jackets peep out from their nests while Tim stands guard and nurse. A child that has not ridden up from the meadow to the barn on a load of hay has yet to learn one of the luxuries of exultant childhood! What care they for jolts, when the whole load is a vast multiplex of spring? The more the wagon *jounces* the better they like it. Then come the bars, leading into the lane with maple trees on each side. The limbs reach over and the green leaves kiss the children over and over again. So would I, if I were a green leaf, and not consider myself so green after all! And so the load rolls slowly up the hill. There is no such thing as momentum in an ox. He is always at a dead pull and at the very hardest. But the children like it! The slower, the longer is the ride! Let them take all the comfort they can. By and by they will be grown and own fine carriages, and roll in style through the streets. But there is many a fair face that rides in a silk-lined coach, with a sad heart, and would go back if she could, oh, how gladly, to her joyous ride on a load of hay!—*Henry Ward Beecher in N. Y. Ledger.*

Keep the Surface of the Ground Loose.

We have many years watched the varied results of the cultivator who keeps frequently stirring the surface of his soil, and the one who hoes and cultivates only when the weeds compel him to work; and as we have watched and recorded our notes, the result has always been in favor of the constant stirring of the surface soil. We do not advocate deep tillage during the growing season, but we would have the ground deeply and thoroughly stirred early in the season, whether it were on old or new plantations.

Once, however, that vigorous growth of top and root has commenced, all deep tillage should cease, because, by pursuing it, constant and continual checks are given, and a truly healthy growth prevented by repeated breaking and tearing asunder the roots and fibres, the supplying pipes for elongation, expansion and evaporation of the branches and leaves. By repeated stirring surface of the soil, however, no roots are broken; the sun, air and moisture are enabled to penetrate and assist in the chemical transmutation of the earth's compounds, and fitting them for absorption by the roots.—*Horticulturist.*

Butter in Dog Days.

A correspondent of the Peterborough *Transcript* gives the following directions for making good butter in hot weather:

"After the cream has been churned five minutes, or just as it begins to 'break,' as it is called, throw into the churn a piece of ice as big as a pint bowl, churn steadily till the little lumps of butter are all brought together in a hard, solid mass,, then take it from the churn and work it over quickly, the first time adding what salt is necessary, and then set upon the cellar bottom with a small piece of ice upon it. Early the next morning give it a thorough working over, getting out all the buttermilk and the salt evenly mixed, and you will have good hard butter every time. We have tried it, and know from experience that butter can be made to good advantage through the dog days, or any days during the warm weather."

Various Items.

The best time to buy a farm is in August and September, for then the poor spots appear.

One of the best farmers in Kansas is the Governor. His wheat crop amounts to 10,000 bushels.

The farming land of Nebraska increases in value at the rate of a million dollars a month.

June 1, in Australia, grapes and apples were gathered, and winter had set in.

It is said that cattle can be raised best on sand stone, and fattened best on lime stone land.

The only animal (if it is an animal) which will eat the Colorado potato-bug and not get sick, is the striped snake.

In hot weather milk is worth more fed to calves, which are to be cows and oxen, than made into butter.

A single pair of caterpillars, if let alone, will strip the leaves from a young orchard in a few weeks. They need as much watching as politicians.

Now that the wheat crop in Australia has failed, they propose growing hops to use up what little barley they may raise.

An acre of fresh water is more profitable for fish growing than ten acres of good soil for grain growing.

Western wool growers get five cents a pound for their wool more than Eastern growers, because they make so many complaints.

It costs no more to raise one hundred bushels of Baldwins than one hundred bushels of cider apples, or ten barrels of Vergalieus or Bartletts than the same quantity of choke pears.

An ax costing $2 with which a laborer may cut 50 cords of wood a month, is a cheaper tool than an ax costing but $1, with which he can cut only 40 cords.

A "cheap plow" at $5, costing in one season $3 in repair and three more in lost time to teams, men, and by retarding crops is a dearer plow than one at $10 requiring no repairs.

A cow bought for $10, whose milk but pays her keeping, affords less profit than one at $30 that gives double the amount of milk afforded by the former.

A ten acre field costing $50 per acre, and ditched, manured and improved $50 more, so as to give double crops, is much more valuable and profitable than twenty acres improved, costing double the money.

For legs and feet cut with shoe corks, take one ounce of gum camphor, and one pint of vinegar. Apply three or four times a day, and your horse need not stop work.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR of YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions, (which are very simple, and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $3, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. fe13:164-TTS

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE, a new Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous diseases accounted for; Marriage philosophically considered, &c. Pocket volumes containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York. fe13:165-TTS

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:p28

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my18:q88T

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STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

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Are prepared to sell at Auction STOCKS, BONDS, and all kinds of SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.

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$10.000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

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EXCURSIONS.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY have on sale at their Office, Union Depot, Pittsburgh,

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS,

TO ATLANTIC CITY AND CAPE MAY,

Enabling parties to visit these popular bathing resorts, and return home at a moderate cost.

CAPE MAY PASSENGERS can purchase Tickets to go and return by all Railroad, or they can arrange to take Steamer in either direction, between Philadelphia and Cape May.

EXCURSION TICKETS are also for sale at the above Depot to NIAGARA FALLS, THE OIL REGIONS, GETTYSBURG, and numerous points in Pennsylvania and New York.

PAMPHLETS, containing full descriptions of the various Excursion Routes by this Road, can be had on application at the Ticket Office, in the Union Depot.

W. H. BECKWITH,

jy1:s28 TICKET AGENT.

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PRICES OF THE

VARIOUS KINDS OF GUNPOWDER,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

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Electric Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 grain, in Square Canisters, 1 lb. each	
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KEG POWDER.

Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 25 lbs	
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Safety Fuse for Blasting, of superior quality, in packages of 50 feet and over	

Delivered free of expense on board of Boat or Railroad, in Pittsburgh or Allegheny.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. IN BANKRUPTCY.

Western District of Pennsylvania, ss.

A Warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the Estate of JAMES D. DRAVO, of the county of Allegheny and District of Pennsylvania, in said District, adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Pittsburgh, in said District, on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., No. 93 Diamond street, one of the Register's in bankruptcy of said District.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

Jy16:s95 U. S. Marshal for said District.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss:

At Pittsburgh, the 6th day of July, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of MELCHIOR HASLEY, of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

SAMUEL PALMER, Assignee,

Jy7:a56:TU Att'y at Law, No. 87 Fifth street.

LEGAL.

LETTERS TESTEMENTARY upon the estate of THOMAS McCOY, dec'd, have been granted to Catharine McCoy. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent will present the same, and all persons indebted will make payment to

CATHARINE McCOY,

Administrator of Thomas McCoy, dec'd, or to E. A. MONTGOMERY,

Attorney-at-Law, 117 Diamond St., Pittsburgh. my5:p74-TU

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary having been granted me on the ESTATE OF MARY FANGMEYER, deceased, all persons having claims against her estate will present them to me, duly authenticated, and all persons owing said estate will make payment to me or my attorney, JOHN W. TAYLOR, No. 73 Grant street.

CHRISTOF FANGMEYER.

July 2d, 1868. ja14:d

PAPER.

PROPOSALS FOR PAPER.

A SUPPLEMENT to an act requiring the Superintendent of Public Printing to advertise for proposals for supplying the State with printing and bill paper, approved April tenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That hereafter the person or persons bidding for the contract for furnishing the State with paper, as provided in the act approved April tenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, be required to execute a bond to the Commonwealth, with at least two sufficient sureties, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract so allotted, which said bond shall be approved by the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the district or districts in which such sureties may reside; or in case of the absence or other inability of such President Judge, by the Associate Judge of the county in which such sureties may reside; *Provided*, That the bonds, with the sureties of the several bidders, shall be duly executed, sealed up and delivered with the proposals for furnishing said paper, and in addition to the condition above required, shall be conditioned that in case the bidder or bidders to whom the said contract shall be awarded shall neglect or refuse to accept the same at his or their bid, the said bidder or bidders, with his or their sureties aforesaid, shall be liable to the Commonwealth for the difference between the amount of the bid of the person to whom the said contract shall be awarded after such neglect or refusal; *And provided further*, That the Superintendent of Public Printing shall award said contract upon the same day the bids are by him opened.

ELISHA W. DAVIS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAMES L. GRAHAM,

Speaker of the Senate.

Approved—The tenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

JOHN W. GEARY.

In pursuance of the above act, the Superintendent of Public Printing gives the following notice:

TO PAPER MANUFACTURERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Superintendent of Public Printing, for

Supplying the State with Printing Paper.

Said paper to be BOOK PAPER, measuring 25 by 40 inches, and to weigh respectively 40 and 50 pounds to the ream. Also, DOUBLE FLAT CAP, measuring 17 by 26 inches, weighing 28 pounds to the ream. Bids will be received for each kind separately. Said proposals to be opened in presence of bidders, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of August, 1868, at the office of the Superintendent. Contract to run from December, 1868, to August, 1869.

The successful bidders will be required rigidly to conform to samples which will be furnished upon application at the office of the Superintendent. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a guarantee that the bidder or bidders, provided his or their proposal shall be accepted, will enter into an obligation with good and sufficient security, to furnish the articles proposed for; and each proposal must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence that the persons making said proposals are manufacturers of or dealers in the description of paper which he or they propose to furnish.

JOHN YOUNGMAN,

Superintendent Public Printing,

Jy14:t6 75 Market Street, Harrisburg.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

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JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies Wigs, Bands, Curls; Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, Guard Chains, Bracelets, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh6:n73

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The leasehold for a term of about nine years of a Two Story Frame Dwelling House, at corner of Union Avenue and Water streets, Allegheny, (fronting East Common) having 7 rooms, 2 halls and large bath room. Excellent range in kitchen; hot and cold water up stairs and down; good cellar. Covered porch in front and at side of house. Grape arbor. Lot 30 by 80 feet. Possession soon, if desired.

For terms apply to H. McLAIN & CO.,

jy17 No. 56 Smithfield street.

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WM. MILLER,

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Offer to the trade at Low Figures:

150 pkgs. of NEW MACKEREL, in barrels, halves, quarters and kits.
100 chests choice YOUNG HYSON, JAPAN and IMPERIAL TEAS.
50 sacks choice RANGOON RICE.
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50 bbls. SYRUP, choice brands.
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50 " REKMUDA SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES.
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200 bags RIO COFFEE.
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100 cases IMPORTED CLARET.
250 cases MOET & CHANDON'S CHAMPAGNE WINES.
SCOTCH ALE and LONDON PORTER constantly on hand.

SUNDRIES.

100 casks Soda Ash;
25 " Pearl Ash;
5 " Pot Ash;
1,000 pigs Lead;
200 bbls. White Lime;
50 " Hydraulic Cement;
500 " Pot and Fire Clay;
100 boxes Factory Cheese;
50 " Hamburg Cheese;
25 " Goshen Cheese.

In store and for sale by JOHN E. CANFIELD & SON,

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SUNDRIES.

400 bus Prime Yellow Ear Corn,
300 bus do do Shelled do.
50 bus Prime Barley.
3,000 lbs. Dried Apples.
500 lbs. Dried Peaches.
25 bbls. Sorghum Molasses.
10 bbls. Sweet Cider.
50 doz. Corn Brooms,

In store and for sale by PFEIZER & ARMSTRONG,

Je4 16 Market street, corner First.

PREPARED COCOA NUT.—A fresh supply, in pound paper boxes, just received and for sale by the box or dozen, at the Family Grocery store of JOHN A. RENSHAW

jy16 Cor. Liberty and Hand streets

SPICED SALMON—100 cans just received from Boston. This popular relish for the tea table is put up in tin cans, for immediate use. For sale by JNO. A. RENSHAW

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WINES AND LIQUORS,

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than Eastern rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of pure OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand.

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CLARET, WHITE AND SPARKLING.

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Chateau Lafitte,	Medoc,
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Mosel Muscatel,	Scharzburg,
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Moet & Chandon,	Chambertine,
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Also, a large assortment of BRANDIES, WHISKIES and WINES, of all descriptions, constantly on hand, at

WM. MILLER'S,

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221 and 223 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

jy9:s92

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SUPERIOR

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(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:b28

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COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

Office and Yard—CORNER OF BUTLER AND MORTON STREETS. First yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 4, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates. Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINSON, Successors to PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL CO.,

MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RAILROAD AND RIVER, of superior Youghiogheny

GAS AND FAMILY COAL.

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For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to gradate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.

Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended. It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction when wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.

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The Allegheny Fertilizer Co.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

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STATEMENT OF THE

Ben Franklin Insurance Company,

For the year ending JUNE 30TH, 1868:

Capital	$100,000 00
Privilege of increasing to	300,000 00
Premiums and Discount	13,472 27
Paid for Return Premiums	55 80
Expense, includ'g Taxes & Commis's	3,461 71
Losses paid	5,673 28
Amount of Outstanding Risks	757,908 33

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$ 3,715 00
Premium Accounts	976 63
Bonds and Mortgages	14,634 85
Bills Receivable	4,955 00
Stock Notes, payable on Demand	80,000 00
Total Assets	$104,281 48

I certify that the foregoing is correct.

jy23:t53 GEO. D. RIDDLE, Sec'y.

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ap10:s95

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Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

mh25:n34

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jy4:

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W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.

mh28:w15

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.

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T. J. Hoskinson,

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Daily Prayer Meeting—From 12 M. to 12:30 o'clock at the Methodist Church, Fifth street, next door to GAZETTE office.

Water Pipe.—The work of laying the water pipe on Congress street is progressing rapidly.

Will Meet This Evening.—The City Executive Committee will meet this evening at City Hall, at seven and a half o'clock.

Penn Street.—The cobble stones have been removed from a portion of Penn street, from Smith to Taylor streets, preparatory to laying the water pipe.

Arm Broken.—An old lady residing on Pennsylvania avenue, whose name we did not learn, in descending a pair of stairs yesterday fell and broke her arm.

Selling Liquor on Sunday.—A tavern keeper named Trehish was charged before Mayor Drum yesterday morning with selling liquor on Sunday. He gave bail for a hearing.

Second Ward Grant Club.—The Second ward Grant Club will hold a meeting at their rooms, No. 66 Smithfield street this evening at 8 o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested.

Surety of the Peace.—Margaret Barrett made information before Alderman Thomas yesterday against John Sullivan for surety of the peace. He was arrested and held for a hearing.

Homeward Bound.—The Editorial Excursion Party arrived at Chicago, on its return from the Rocky Mountains, Sunday at noon, and were entertained at the Tremont House. They will arrive in this city to-morrow.

Open Air Meeting.—An open air meeting will be held this evening at seven o'clock on Duquesne Way, above the Hand street bridge, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association. All are invited to attend.

Another Adjournment.—The Conferees of the Twenty-third Congressional District met again yesterday morning at Freeport. After balloting several times without nominating, they adjourned to meet at the same place on Friday, July 31 at 9 o'clock A. M.

Assault and Battery.—Sophia Markle made information yesterday, before Alderman Taylor, against her husband Matthew Markle for assault and battery. She alleges that he struck and kicked her. The accused was arrested and committed for a hearing on Wednesday.

Blame on Both Sides.—Mrs. Enright made information on Sunday evening before Mayor Drum against John Lany for assault and battery. At the hearing of the case, it was compromised by each party paying half the costs, the Mayor feeling that both parties were somewhat to blame.

Severe Fall.—Yesterday morning Martin Callahan, a laborer employed at Dr. Sproull's new church, on Sandusky street, Allegheny, fell from the second to the first floor, striking in his descent the joists on the first floor, and receiving very severe injuries of the spine. He was conveyed to his home and medical aid rendered by Dr. W. R. Thorn.

Assault and Battery.—Catharine Duncan made information before Alderman Thomas charging John Mullin with assault and battery. The accused is a cousin of the prosecutrix, who, it appears, was on a visit to another cousin in the Sixth ward, when, she alleges, Mullin beat and abused her. The case was compromised by the defendant paying the costs.

A Disorderly Case.—Reuben Hope, who occupies a room in the Third ward, Allegheny, which is the resort of the degraded of both sexes, was brought before Mayor Drum yesterday, who fined him fifteen dollars for disorderly conduct, on oath of the owner of the establishment. A descent was made on the place by the police and a couple of drunks captured, who, after becoming sober, were fined four dollars each.

Hoe Handling—A resident of Allegheny, Eliza Roberts, alleges that her husband Joel Roberts, a colored gentleman, took some exercise in handling a hoe yesterday morning, which resulted in leaving her considerably sorer than when he commenced. He was arrested but states in explanation that Eliza is not possessed of all the virtue of a saint, and occasionally needs to be hoed down. A compromise was finally effected.

Slight Fire.—Yesterday morning a slight fire occurred in the rear part of the building, on Smithfield street, near Fourth, occupied as an eating saloon by Mr. Bender. The fire was confined to a room in the fourth story, and a quantity of wearing apparel, bed clothing, &c., was destroyed, but by the prompt arrival of the firemen the flames were extinguished before much damage had been done. The exact loss has not been ascertained, but it will be small.

A Smasher.—Yesterday evening a German citizen of the Third ward, Allegheny, who had partaken a little too freely of that exhiliarating beverage, "lager," amused himself and gave vent to his exuberant feelings by demolishing the furniture of his domicil and playing smash generally. His wife not liking such proceedings called in the aid of the police, who conveyed him to the lock up, where he will have an opportunity, if he desires, to make use of his smashing tendencies against stone walls and iron bars.

Correction.—In speaking of the recovery of Mr. Hall's watch by Chief of Police Green yesterday, we stated that Green and Chief Bowden, of Allegheny, had a conversation relative to the larceny of the watch, which appears to have been incorrect. We learn that Mr. Bowden had not been informed that Mr. Hall had lost a watch, and knew nothing of it until after the watch had been recovered. In our report of the affair we related the circumstance as we received it, and having, as it appears, done Mr. Bowden an injustice, we willingly make the correction.

The Apportionment.—The committee appointed by Councils to make the apportionment of members of Common Council from the several wards, were unable to make their report to Councils yesterday, for the reason that the assessors have not yet made their returns to the Controller. The law requires the apportionment to be made during the present month, and Councils adjourned to meet on Friday, the 31st inst., to receive and take action on the report. Assessors should endeavor to have their returns in previous to that time, as their neglect to do so may cause considerable trouble and inconvenience to the committee.

Serious Accident.

Yesterday morning while the truck of the Rescue Hook and Ladder Company was on its way to one of the fires, in attempting to turn off Wylie street, at the corner of Tunnel, the driver, Wm. Knoor, and a Wm. Calhoun seated alongside, were thrown off and run over. Wm. Knorr was considerably bruised and had his right arm broken above the elbow. It is so badly injured that the Doctor thinks amputation will be necessary. The truck passed over the limbs of Mr. Calhoun, but it is believed no bones are broken. The men were carried to Mr. Abel's drug store, corner Fourth and Grant streets, where their injuries were attended to by Dr. Daily, after which they were conveyed to their homes. They live on Stevenson and Calhoun or Wylie streets.

CITY COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting—Communications, Petitions and Remonstrances—Reports of Committees.

A regular monthly meeting of City Councils was held Monday, July 27, 1868, at two o'clock P. M.

Select Council.

In the absence of President McAuley, on motion of Mr. Reese, Mr. A. M. Brown was called to the chair.

Members present—Messrs. Brown, A. M., Cochrane, Coffin, Coyle, Dickson, Gallaher, Gross, Herdman, Jones, Kehew, Laufman, Morrow, McClelland, McClintock, McEwen, McKibben, Ogden, Phillips, Rafferty, Rees, Shipton, Wainwright and White.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. Dickson presented a petition from the Committee on Repairs of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Bridge Company, asking for the privilege of moving the toll house two-and-a-half feet on Duquesne Way. The petition was accepted and referred to the Street Committee with power to act.

Mr. Morrow presented a petition from property owners on Gist street asking for water pipe on said street. Referred to Water Committee.

The Chair presented a communication from the Guardians of the Poor, asking for an appropriation for the erection of a hospital. Referred to the Committee on City Property.

Mr. Shipton presented a communication from the Controller stating that the Finance Committee had fixed the salary of the clerk to Street, Survey and Road Committees at $1,200 per annum, subject to the approval of Councils, and they direct that the clerk shall give $5,000 bail for the faithful performance of his duties. The communication was received and the action of the Committee approved.

The Chair read a remonstrance against the construction of the Fourth street sewer. Referred to Committee on Streets.

Mr. McEwen, a remonstrance against the grading of Enoch Street. Referred to Committee on Streets.

The Chair, in place, a communication from Mr. Flinn, late Street Commissioner, relative to the ordinance relieving the Oakland Passenger Railway Company from cleaning the streets over which its cars pass. Received.

Mr. McClintock, a petition for the grading of Center street, and objecting to the opening of Washington street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr, Wainwright, a petition from residents on Chestnut street, asking the passage of an ordinance fixing the width of said street.

On motion of Mr. McClintock, it was laid on the table.

The Chair, a petition for the grading and paving of Spring alley. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. A. M. Brown (Mr. Gross in the chair) presented a remonstrance from property owners on Pennsylvania avenue against the construction of a sewer on said avenue. Referred to Commit ee on Streets.

Also, a petition for the grading and paving of an alley in the Seventh ward, from Allinder's court to Vine street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Morrow presented a remonstrance from residents on Taylor street against the grading and paving of said street. Laid on the table until the ordinance for paving the street should be before Councils.

GUAGING OIL.

Also, the report of the Committee on Ordinances, accompanied by an ordinance providing for the guaging of oil in the city limits. The ordinance provided that the Guager should receive five-eights of the receipts as his fees.

Mr. Morrow moved to amend by reducing the fees to one-half.

Mr. McClintock moved as an amendment that the Guager receive one-third.

After considerable discussion, Mr. Shipton moved that the ordinance be re-committed.

Mr. A. M. Brown said he would have to object to the re-committal of the ordinance, as the Committee had given to Councils all the information they had or could obtain relating to the matter.

The motion to re-commit was lost.

The question then recurred on the amendment to the amendment giving one-third of the receipts to the Guager as fees, which was adopted.

The ordinance as amended was then adopted.

Mr. A. M. Brown moved that it lay over until next meeting. The motion was defeated.

On motion of Mr. Morrow, the rules were suspended the ordinance passed finally.

CITY PARK.

Mr. McClintock submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on City Park to open correspondence with the Secretary of War, relative to the removal of the Arsenal out of the city limits and purchase of the ground for a park. Referred to Park Committee.

ORDINANCES.

Mr. Dickson presented an ordinance supplemental to the ordinance re-districting the city, transposing the numbers of the Ninth and Tenth wards. Action was postponed.

Mr. White called up the ordinance providing for the construction of a sewer on Pennsylvania avenue, passed in Common Council at a previous meeting, and asked that Select Council concur in this action. The motion was lost.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON GAS.

Mr. Shipton, Chairman of the Committee on Gas, submitted the following report:

Your Committee on Gas Lighting would respectfully recommend the erection of lamps at the following points: On Smallman street, between Wilkins and Baldwin street; corner of Green street and Beatty's alley; on the north side of Decatur street; opposite the mouth of Carpenters alley; on Gibbon street corner of Hoveler's Court; on the corner of Locust and Magee streets; on the east side of High street, between Wylie street and Pennsylvania avenue; on Elm street at squi distant from Decatur; on the corner of Miller street and Centre avenue, to be erected when mains are laid. Read and approved.

GREENSBURG TURNPIKE.

The ordinance locating the Greensburg turnpike and fixing the width of the same at sixty feet, was then taken up, and the names of three persons as viewers inserted, and on motion of Mr. Gross, the rules were suspended and the ordinance passed finally.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. Ogden submitted a resolution providing that when Councils adjourn it be to meet on Friday next, at two o'clock P. M., to hear the report of the Apportionment Committee. Adopted. C. C. concurred.

None of the above business, except the resolution relative to adjournment, was reached in Common Council.

On motion adjourned.

Common Council.

The following members answered at roll call: Messrs. Ahlborn, Barnhill, Barton, Batchelor, Berger, Boggs, Brush, Caskey, Carroll, Daub, Dravo, Fitzsimmons, Friday, Gerner, Hare, Hemphill, Herron, Hillerman, House, Kremer, Palmer, Rebman, Reed, Reynolds, Robb, Rosewell, Scott, Sims, Torley, Torrens, Vick, Weldon, Welsh, Zern, Tomlinson, Pre'st.

The minutes of two preceeding meetings were read and approved.

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. House, of Second ward, presented a petition from citizens relative to regulating the business of night soilers. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Weldon, a petition for Nicolson pavement on Diamond Alley, between Wood street and Diamond. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Hare offered the following resolution, which was passed:

Resolved, That the Fire Alarm Committee are hereby authorized to put up the necessary apparatus for striking alarms on the school house in the Seventeenth ward (late Lawrenceville) and also on the Church at East Liberty, and that the sum of $500 be appropriated to pay for the increased size of the bell for the Lawrenceville school house.

Mr. Hemphill, a petition from Hussey, Wells & Co., for privilege to erect an iron clad building, to take the place of an old one, on Columbia street, running toward Harrison, in the old Fifth ward, with an ordinance granting the privilege.

Objection being made the ordinance was laid over.

Mr. Zern, a petition for the opening of Mulberry alley between Adams and Mechanics street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Brush presented a petition, signed by one hundred citizens, for a change in the place of holding elections in the Eighth ward (2d precinct old Sixth,) to the tavern of Henry Wilson, corner of Franklin and Fulton streets, with an ordinance authorizing the desired change.

The rules being suspended, the ordinance passed.

Mr. Rebman presented the report of the Board of Viewers for opening Roberts street from Center avenue to Reed, with plan. Report approved.

Mr. Reed offered the following:

Resolved, That the City Engineer be and is hereby instructed to ascertain by what authority A. H. Miller, Esq., has erected a stone wall on Center avenue, said wall being out on the street three feet, and if no authority has been given by Councils, that he be instructed to have the same removed.

Referred to Road Committee in conjunction with the City Engineer.

Mr. Mawhinney presented a petition from property holders on Forbes street, Sixth ward, (late Eighth), for the opening of said street from Try to Boyd, to intersect with Diamond street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Rosewell presented a remonstrance against the proposed change of the grade of Penn street east of Clymer, as it would deteriorate the value of many buildings now erected to present grade. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Ahlborn, a remonstrance against the widening of Greensburg turnpike ten feet on the south side. The petitioners are of the opinion that if the street must be widened, an equal proportion should be taken from each side. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr, Ahlborn inquired as to what disposition had been made of the bill of Peter Wortzel, of Lawrenceville, which had been referred to Committee on Claims and Accounts. It appeared that the Committee had not considered the bill.

Mr. Batchelor offered a petition covering an ordinance fixing a place for holding elections in the Sixteenth ward at a Wigwam, corner of Main and Pearl streets, and designating officers, as follows: Judge, Noah G. Craig; Inspectors, John Woolslayer and Henry Stork; Return Inspectors, Samuel M'Elroy and Thos. Markle.

The rules were suspended and the ordinance passed.

Mr. Batchelor presented the report of the viewers to assess damages for the opening of Larimer avenue, from Station to Spring street, with a diagram showing the location of the street. The report was approved.

Mr. Batchelor offered an ordinance for the grading and macadamizing of Larimer avenue, to the width of forty-five feet, in accordance with a plan in City Engineer's office, and moved that the rules be suspended in order that the ordinance might be finally passed.

Mr. Davis objected, and the ordinance was laid over.

Mr. Barton presented a remonstrance against the opening of Boundary street in the Twentieth and Twenty-second wards, for several reasons, and praying that the ordinance (passed to second reading at last meeting) be amended and limited in its provisions to the part of said street between Neville and the Monongahela river. Referred to the Survey Committee in conjunction with City Engineer.

Mr. Barton, a petition from Lewis & Warnock for privilege to erect an iron-clad building on Liberty street, opposite the Outer Depot, to be used for foundry and smithing purposes. Referred to Wooden Building Committee with power to act. S. C. non-concurred and referred to Committee on City Property.

Mr. Barton presented the claim of James English for $251,55, for stone furnished. Referred to Road Committee and City Solicitor.

Mr. Barton presented a petition for a board walk on Centre street, each side. Referred to Road Committee.

Mr. Hemphill called up the ordinance granting Hussey, Wells & Co. privilege to erect an iron-clad building, and objection being withdrawn, the ordinance was read a third time and passed. Select Council nonconcurred and referred it to Committee on City Property.

SALARY OF MAYOR'S CLERK.

Mr. Hare, from Police Committee, offered a resolution increasing the salary of Mayor's clerk $500 for the year 1868.

Mr. Ahlborn moved to amend by increasing the salary $250.

Mr. Reed moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost.

The amendment of Mr. Ahlborn prevailed.

The chairman suggested that the object could not be accomplished by resolution. It must be put in the shape of an ordinance.

Mr. Robb moved that the matter be referred back to the Police Committee, with instructions to report an ordinance increasing the salary of the Mayor's Clerk $500.

Mr. Weldon moved to amend by making the increase $250.

Mr. Hare offered an ordinance making the salary of the Mayor's clerk $1,500 for the year 1868.

Mr. Weldon moved to lay the ordinance on the table. Carried.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY.

Mr. Rosewell, from the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, presented a report covering the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose be and they are hereby authorized to purchase a hook and ladder truck, to take the place of one of the steam fire engines now in use.

Mr. Hare offered an ordinance appropriating the sum of $2,000 for a Hook and Ladder Company, the same to be located in one of the present steam fire engine houses.

The rules were suspended and the ordinance adopted. S. C. non-concurred and referred the matter to the Committee on Ordinances to report a proper ordinance.

STREET COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

Mr. Weldon, Chairman of the Street Committee, made a report concerning certain matters which had been considered, viz:

In accordance with an ordinance passed June 9th, 1868, for the appointment of a clerk to the Street Committee, the Committee selected Richard Moore, to serve until February 1st, 1869, subject to the approval of Councils.

Ordinances were presented as follows; For paving Second street, from Smithfield to Wood, with Nicolson pavement; for grading, paving and curbing Taylor street, from Penn to the river, Duncan or Wylie street extension from Crawford to Kirkpatrick, and Smallman alley from Decatur to Clark street; for opening Charlotte street, Lawrenceville, from Wainwright street to Hazlett alley, and St. Mary's Avenue from its present terminus to the Greensburg pike; for changing grade of Centre Avenue from Erin street to Kirkpatrick, and Penn street from Clymer to Taylor street; also, an ordinance relieving the Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Railway from keeping streets in repair, and an ordinance changing the names of various streets.

In the matter of the petition for the grading and paving of Greensburg turnpike, the Committee report that as the street is still in the possession of the turnpike company, the Councils have no jurisdiction.

The report was accepted.

The election of Mr. Moore as Clerk of Road Committee was approved.

The ordinance for Nicolson pavement on Second street was adopted, the rules being suspended.

The ordinance changing the grade of Penn street, from Clymer to Taylor, to conform with the grade of '61, was laid over under the rules.

The ordinance fixing grade of Centre Avenue was adopted, the rules being suspended.

The ordinance for the opening of Charlotte street, Lawrenceville, was laid over under the rules.

The ordinance for the survey and opening of St. Mary's avenue (Lawrenceville,) to Greensburg turnpike, was laid over under the rules.

The ordinance for the grading, paving and curbing of Wylie street from Crawford to Kirkpatrick street was adopted, the rules being suspended.

The ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Smallman alley was laid over.

The ordinance for the grading and paving of Taylor street from Penn street to the Allegheny river, was laid over under the rules, a motion by Mr. Ahlborn to lay on the table having been voted down.

The ordinance changing the names of various streets was laid over under the rules. Following are the changes proposed:

Present Name.	*Changed To.*
Point street	First street.
Duquesne street	Second street.
Marbury street	Third street.
Hay street	Fourth street.
Pitt street	Fifth street.
St. Clair street	Sixth street.
Irwin street	Seventh street.
Hancock street	Eighth street.
Hand street	Ninth street.
Wayne street	Tenth street.
Canal street	Eleventh street.
O'Hara street	Twelfth street.
Walnut street	Thirteenth street.
Factory street	Fourteenth street.
Adams street	Fifteenth street.
Mechanics street	Sixteenth street.
Harrison street	Seventeenth street.
Pine street	Eighteenth street.
Locust street	Nineteenth street.
Carson street	Twentieth street.
Allegheny street	Twenty-first street.
Lumber street	Twenty-second street.
Carroll street	Twenty-third street.
Wilkins street	Twenty-fourth street.
Baldwin street	Twenty-fifth street.
Morris street	Twenty-sixth street.
Rush street	Twenty-seventh street.
Morton street	Twenty-eighth street.
Clymer street	Twenty-ninth street.
Smith street	Thirtieth street.
Taylor street	Thirty-first street.
Wilson street	Thirty-second street.
Boundary street	Thirty-third street.
Johnson street	Thirty-fourth street.
Lawrence street	Thirty-fifth street.
Wainwright street	Thirty-sixth street.
Bravo street	Thirty-seventh street.
Allen street	Thirty-eighth street.
Pike street	Thirty-ninth street.
Covington street	Fortieth street.
Fisk street	Forty-first street.
Borough street	Forty-second street.
Chestnut street	Forty-third street.
Ewalt street	Forty-fourth street.
Bellefontaine street	Forty-fifth street.
St. Mary's avenue	Forty-sixth street.
Church street	Forty-seventh street.
Shoenberger street	Forty-eighth street.
Mill street	Forty-ninth street.
Lothrop street	Fiftieth street.
Jackson street	Fifty-first street.
First street	First avenue.
Second street	Second avenue.
Third street	Third avenue.
Fourth street	Fourth avenue.
Fifth, (including ext'on)	Fifth avenue.
Sixth street	Sixth avenue.
Seventh street	Seventh avenue.
Butler, (9th ward)	Railroad street.
Beech alley, (3d ward)	Hickory alley.
Cherry alley, (10th ward)	Almond alley.
Decatur street, (1st ward)	Hazel street.
Fisk street, (7th ward)	Arch street.
Mulberry alley, (Law.)	Blackberry alley.
Plum alley, (1 ward)	Oak alley.
Peach alley, (8th ward)	Quince alley.
Reed street, (Law.)	Race street.
Spruce alley, (Law.)	Hemlock alley.
Union alley, (1st ward)	Ash alley.
Union alley, (6th ward)	Crab alley.
Webster street	Webster avenue.
Washington street, (Law. west end)	Willow street.
Washington street, (Law. east end)	Hatfield street.

Old Pennsylvania avenue, from Try street to Fifth avenue, to be called "Old avenue."

The ordinance relieving the Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Railway from repairing streets was taken up.

Mr. Hare moved to lay it on the table. Lost—yeas 14, nays 14.

The ordinance, under the rules, lays over for one month.

The ordinance provides "that the Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Railway be and they are hereby released from keeping the streets on which their track is laid in repair (except that portion between the rails and one foot outside of the rails) for a period of five years from January 1st, 1869."

The report of the Street Committee, and the ordinances presented with it, did not reach Select Council.

WARD NUMBERS.

Mr. Zern offered an ordinance providing that the Ninth ward be named the Tenth ward, and that the Tenth ward be the Ninth ward. Adopted. S. C. concurred.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY.

Mr. Hare offered a paper signed by thirty-six firemen setting forth that they are desirous of forming a hook and ladder company, and requesting that Councils award to their care the hook and ladder truck recently recommended by the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose. Referred to Committee on Fire Engines and Hose. Not acted on in S. C.

PETITION FOR SEWER.

Mr. Vick presented a petition for a sewer on High street to Wylie and down Wylie to Fifth. Referred to Street Committee. S. C. non-concurred.

LARIMER AVENUE.

Mr. Davis withdrew his objection to the ordinance for the grading and macadamizing of Larimer avenue, whereupon the ordinance was read three times and passed. Not acted in Select Council.

OPENING OF ROSE STREET.

Mr. Weldon called up the ordinance for the opening of Rose street, in the Eighth ward, from Overhill to Fulton street.

Mr. Brush presented a remonstrance, signed by one hundred and five persons interested, against the opening of said street.

Also, the following:

Resolved, That the ordinance now under consideration to open Rose street from Dinwiddie to Fulton street, be and is hereby indefinitely postponed.

The resolution was lost.

Mr. Weldon then moved the ordinance be read a third time and passed.

Mr. Brush called the yeas and nays.

The President said under the rules the call must be by one-tenth the members present.

That number responded.

The yeas and nays resulted:

Yeas—Messrs. Ahlborn, Boggs, Daub, Fitzsimmons, Herron, House, Kremer, Mawhinney, Meyer, Palmer, Rosewell, A. Scott, Torley, Vick, Weldon, President Tomlinson—16.

Nays—Messrs. Barnhill, Barton, Batchelor, Berger, Brush, Caskey, Carroll, Dravo, Davis Gerner, Hemphill, Moorhead, Rebman, Reed, Robb, Verner, Welsh, Zern.—18.

The ordinance was lost.

CITY PARK AGAIN.

Mr. Fitzsimmons offered the following:

WHEREAS, The Committee of Councils now engaged in selecting site for a Park have been offered for their acceptance grounds in the eastern part of the city, too far from the residence of the great mass of mechanics and laboring class, for whose ostensible benefit it is mainly to be created, be it therefore

Resolved, That the Park Committee be requested to inquire into and report to Councils at as early a day as possible the feasibility and cost of establishing a Park on the grounds between Penn and Marbury streets and the River.

Referred to Park Committee.

Not acted on in S. C.

ORDINANCES PASSED.

The ordinance granting the Western Union Telegraph Company the privilege of erecting poles in Lawrenceville (laid over at last meeting) was taken up and passed. Not acted on in S. C.

An ordinance authorizing the opening of Davison street, Lawrenceville (laid over at last meeting) was read three times and passed. Not acted on in S. C.

An ordinance for the opening of Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, from its present terminus to Davison street, was, on motion of Mr. Reynolds, referred back to Committee to report an ordinance opening the street to Greensburg turnpike. Not acted on in S.C.

Mr. Batchelor offered an ordinance fixing the place of holding elections in the Twentieth ward at the old place, School house No. 1, Liberty township, and that the officers be: Judge, Wm. H. Denniston; Inspectors, John R. Baum and George Rahauser; Return Inspectors, Edward Aiken and Orren Newton.

Rules suspended and the ordinance adopted. Not acted on in S. C.

Mr. Weldon offered the following:

Resolved, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized to proceed with the construction of a sewer on Miltenberger street. Adopted. Not acted on in S. C.

On motion, Council adjourned (without taking up business from Select Council) until Friday, at two o'clock P. M.

A Progressive Youth.

Yesterday evening about six o'clock, Moses Moritz, a boy twelve or fourteen years of age, was passing along Second street between Ross and Grant, where several little girls were engaged at play, and being an evil disposed youth, interfered with the girls, and attempted to drive them away by throwing stones at them. Johnny Best, a lad about Moritz's age, and a smaller boy who were playing in an alley near by, were called upon by the girls to protect them from Moritz, and did so, by coming out and attempting to drive Moritz away. He refused to go, however, and after quarreling, the boys got into a scuffle. They separated again, and while Best was standing with his side toward Moritz, looking in an opposite direction, the latter drew a knife and stabbed him, the blade of which penetrated the abdominal wall, inflicting a severe and serious wound. Dr. R. S. Sutton was called upon and dressed the wound. He states that so far as he could ascertain the intestines were not injured, and if inflammation of the bowels does not set in the boy will recover. The young scape grace who perpetrated the act was arrested and taken to the lock up. He will probably be committed to jail this morning to await the result of the injuries to Best.

Comfort at Home.

We know of no one of the twenty-four hours of the day in which we find so much real physical pleasure as in the hour spent in the bath room or barber shop. Who that does not shave himself will not travel over a mile of street and pass a dozen of indifferent barber shops to find one where the operators are skillful, the razors always in order, the towels clean, the seats luxurious, the room fragrant with sweet odors, the fountains of limpid water flowing from marble basins, and everything fitted up and arranged with good taste and kept bright and clean? And who would not also travel out of his way to find a perfect bath with all the needful concomitants of hot and cold water for shower and plunge, soap, flesh brush and every convenience, all kept temptingly clean? From all whose taste is for the best of these essentials, from all who delight in easy and perfect shaving, elegant hair dressing or shampooning, from all especially who care for their health by frequent bathing and are scrupulous about cleanliness and comfort, from all such we claim thanks for informing them that no better place can be found in either city than has been provided and kept up by Mr. H. B Williamson, at No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny. If the reader doubts let him visit his barber shop with its corps of professional jours, or his suite of bathing rooms, with their obliging and attentive waiters, he will doubt no longer.

Anderson, Cook & Co.

It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Jacob W. Cook, Esq., hitherto a prominent and active business man of this firm, has withdrawn, and that the very extensive business of the house will be continued by Mr. R. J. Anderson and Mr. Woods, under the firm of Anderson & Woods. Mr. Cook retains the Presidency of the Allegheny National Bank, and for a time at least will restrict himself to the duties of this important trust, for which he is pre-eminently qualified. The steel manufactory of Anderson & Woods is one of the finest in the country. They make every variety of steel by the most approved process. Such is their reputation for the quality of their products that they are constantly pressed with orders fully up to and frequently in excess of the capacity of their works. Mr. Woods has had a large experience and is thoroughly skilled in the practical business of the firm, while Mr. Anderson is at home in the commercial and financial side of their business, so that the numerous correspondents of the old firm will find that under the new name the high standing of the house will be well maintained.

Fire on Fifth Street.

About seven o'clock last evening a slight fire was discovered in the counting-room of the *Commercial* office, the smoke from which rushed out of the door at such a rate as to create the impression that the entire room was in flames. The alarm was given and in a short time the entire fire department were on the ground, but not until the flames had been extinguished. The fire originated in some mysterious manner in a pile of waste paper under the counter. The damage was but slight. It was a very narrow escape, however, as the books were in close proximity to the fire, and had the fire continued a few moments longer before being discovered, they would doubtless have been destroyed.

Alleged Forcible Entry.

Gotlieb Faas made information on Saturday before Alderman Mullen, against Henry Snyder, Sr., Henry Snyder, Jr., Thomas Smith, James Blonden and Isaac Prescott for forcible entry and detainer. The three last are police officers, while the former two it is stated are joint owners with Mr. Faas of the Duquesne Brewery in the Eighth ward, Allegheny. It is alleged that some difficulty existed in regard to the business, when the parties against whom the information was made closed the brewery and took violent possession of the same. The officers waived a hearing and gave bail for trial, the Snyders giving bail for a further hearing.

Corner Loafing in Allegheny.

On Sunday evening the Allegheny police made a raid on a party of corner loafers, who had established themselves at the intersection of the East Commons with Ohio street. They succeeded in securing about a dozen of the crowd and conveyed them to the lock-up. Yesterday evening the Mayor imposed on each of them a slight fine, as it was their first offence, and warned them that no leniency would be accorded them in the future for a like offence. The Mayor is determined that this disreputable practice shall be stopped, and we would advise all who have heretofore indulged in it to mend their ways.

Mont Blanc Foundry.—In our rambles yesterday we visited this fine establishment on Butler street, in the old Ninth ward, contiguous to the Union Iron Mills. Ebbert & Maclind, the enterprising proprietors, are known for their skill and promptitude in executing all orders for rolling mill and bridge castings, thimble skeins and pipe boxes and machinery and castings generally. Such works as theirs and such men as they, are a credit to the city and contribute to its wealth and fame.

It is a luxury and a comfort to bathe, shave, or have your hair cut or dressed at the elegant establishment of H. B. Williamson, No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny. Try it. T

Likeness of Grant.—Full-sized portrait of Grant, on colored card board, the best and cheapest likeness to be had, for twenty-five cents, at No. 81 Fifth street. d&w

Most Bitters of the present day that a loudly puffed through the newspapers having great curative properties are vi compounds and base impositions, contai ing no medicinal virtues whatever, and really very poor whisky beverages, ar instead of acting as a stimulant and ton have a tendency to weaken the stomach entirely destroying the coating. The publ should therefore be very cautious and pu chase none but *Roback's Stomach Bitte* which have stood the test as a remedi agent for many years, and are really their name indicates, a *stomach bitters* a *not a beverage*. They combine the prope ties of the best tonic and a stimulani laxative, an efficient and anti-bilious age and the best stomachic known to the worl and when taken in conjunction with *R back's Blood Pills*, are the safest and sure preventive against all bilious derangement thoroughly regulating the whole syste and giving tone to the digestive organs.

They are highly recommended as an i vigorating tonic to mothers while nursin increasing the flow of milk, and for conv lescents, to restore the prostration whi always follows long-continued sickne they are unsurpassed. No househo should consider themselves safe from t ordinary maladies without these invaluab medicines. They can be obtained of a druggist. TTSF

Burnett's Celebrated Standard Prepara tions.—It is affirmed by druggists th Burnett's Preparations are without a pa allel for the elegance of their appearan and the scientific nature of their compos tion. To our readers we would recom mend them as being fully worthy of the great reputation. The Cocoaine is not on an elegant article in hair dressing, but complete eradicator of dandruff and cu for baldness. Burnett & Co. are also t manufacturers of a list of flavoring extrac for culinary purposes which for powe combined with purity are unequaled. *Montreal Transcript.* T.T.S.W.

Pure Fruit Syrups, viz: Pure Appl Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry, Blac berry, Sarsaparilla, Lemon and Raspber Vinegar, at the lowest prices at 112 Feder street, Allegheny city.

jy25:1w GEORGE BEAVER.

DIED:

UNDERWOOD.—In Allegheny City, on Sund morning, July 26th, Mrs. MARY A. UNDE WOOD, aged 32 years.

The funeral will take place THIS MORNING, at o'clock, from the residence of her husband, Mr. Wesley Underwood, No. 106 Ohio avenue. T friends of the family are respectfully invited attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, P COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and e ery description of Funeral Furnishing Goods fu nished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse a Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. J W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDER TAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS a constantly supplied with real and imitation Ros wood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices v rying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for inte ment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, a kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office ope at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDER TAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHI STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMON SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps alway on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut an Imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins fro $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, a other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearse furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate an Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day an night.

RE-OPENING OF THE

ORIGINAL RED FRONT

TEA WAREHOUSE

114 SMITHFIELD ST.,

OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE, BY

C. A. BOUCHER,

(Late with SHIELDS & BOUCHER,)

WITH A NEW AND FRESH STOCK OF

TEA, COFFEE, SPICES, SUGAR

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

AND A FULL VARIETY OF

Choice Family Supplies

GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT THE

LEAST POSSIBLE PROFIT

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY.

Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed. Please cal at Store for Price List, and examine our stock be fore purchasing. Goods delivered free of charge.

C. A. BOUCHER.

Pittsburgh, July 21st, 1868. TUF

A NEW

SPECTACLE.

We have just received from the manufacturer,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

PERESCOPIC CLASSES,

IN FRAMES MADE FROM

PITTSBURGH STEEL.

They are the best yet offered to our trade.

DUNSEATH & HASLETT,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,

65 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEW

SPRING GOODS,

Adapted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILORING TRADE,

JUST OPENED, AT

HENRY G. HALE'S,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

THE BALANCE OF OUR

SUMMER STOCK OF CLOTHING,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

AT COST, to make room for FALL GOODS.

H. SMITH, Merchant Tailor,

No. 98 WYLIE ST., cor. Federal.